

ST. PAUL BREWER HELD FOR \$100,000 RANSOM; KIDNAPER OF BOETTCHER SOUGHT AS LEADER

Prosperity Drive Begins As F. D. R. Signs Bills

VITAL MEASURES PUT INTO EFFECT WITHOUT DELAYS

President Signs Industrial Control, Banking and Railroad Reorganization Acts Shortly After Congress Adjourns.

638 MILLION READY FOR BUILDING DRIVE

Every Person in Nation Expected To Feel Results of Vast Powers Intrusted to Chief.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(UP)—Within 12 hours after the adjournment of congress today President Roosevelt inked his signature on three pieces of paper that are the blueprints of the "new deal."

By so doing, he opened the second phase of his offensive against business stagnation.

Before congressmen could get the last collar poked into their traveling bags Mr. Roosevelt signed the national industrial recovery bill, the Glass-Steagall banking bill, and the railroad reorganization act.

After signing the bills, the president left the capital at 8:20 o'clock for Massachusetts, where he will begin a two-week vacation voyage up the New England seaboard aboard the steamship *Amberjack*.

All over Washington—in the low, white buildings that house government departments—the machinery set up by the special session of congress was whirring. No person in the United States will escape the effect of this intricate network of legislation. Nor will there be any delay.

Tomorrow, for instance, motorists will start paying 11-2 cents a gallon for gasoline instead of the 1 cent they have been paying.

He outlined at length in a formal statement his policies for this administration.

The complete text of President Roosevelt's outline of his policies, appears elsewhere in this page.

Stone Cutters' Strike Is Still Not Settled

A walkout of 146 stone cutters employed by the Stone Mountain Granite Corporation, began early Friday night, still was in effect Friday night.

Despite reports that the walkout was due to a wage controversy, officials of the company said such was not the case. The officials said they did not know the reason for the walkout unless it was because the employees desired to enter unions. The quarries at Stone Mountain have been operated on an "open shop" basis for several years.

George Weidman, head of the corporation, told a group of the workers at a meeting Thursday night that he would be compelled to pay the wage scale as fixed by government authorities in Washington.

Cannibalism Reported Among Starving Chinese

ROOSEVELT SIGNS INDUSTRIAL BILL TO START JOB AID

Johnson To Administer Huge Program, With Sawyer in Charge of Big Public Works Fund.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(AP)—Described by President Roosevelt as "the most important and far-reaching legislation ever enacted by the American congress," the industrial recovery act, designed to put millions of men to work before the snow flies, today was signed into law.

The chief executive affixed his signature shortly after noon to a bill, which was signed into law by the president, to administer the powers contained by the legislation.

As next in command, Colonel Donald H. Sawyer, chairman of the federal employment stabilization board, was named temporary administrator of the \$3,300,000,000 public works fund, with Colonel George R. Spalding, of the Mississippi river commission, as an assistant.

While not formally taking office until today, these men have worked for weeks in creating an organization ready to go into action at once in the president's reconstruction program.

Bullets Imperil Girls As Hoodlum Is Slain

CHICAGO, June 16.—(AP)—Two gunmen today hunted down Joe Pettit, member of a notorious West Side family, shot him dead as he played cards on a doorstep and wounded two others.

The random shots imperiled a number of girls working in a factory, a bullet piercing the dress of one.

Learning Pettit's identity, police immediately assumed he was the quarry of the assassins.

His brother Angelo, is serving 25 years in Joliet prison for the kidnaping of young Billy Ranieri several years ago. Another brother, Fred, was found shot to death in February in a West Side pool room.

Record-Breaking Attendance Closes 4-Day Cooking School

Addressing the largest audience ever attending a cooking school at the Georgia theater, Mrs. Kate Stafford closed the four-day program Friday by thanking the several thousand persons present for their attention and interest.

She said she was hoping the Constitution brings me back again.

LOWELL REVERSED ON WRIT FREEING VIRGINIA NEGRO

Circuit Court Throws Out Decision Based on Evidence That Negroes Were Barred on Juries.

BOSTON, June 16.—(AP)—Federal Judge James A. Lowell's decision granting a writ of habeas corpus to a negro wanted in Virginia for murder which resulted in the jurist's impeachment in congress, today was reversed by the United States circuit court of appeals.

The impeachment proceedings now are in committee.

The writ freeing George Crawford, sought by the slaying of two women in Middleburg, Va., in 1932, was issued by Judge Lowell after evidence had been offered that negroes were not called for jury service in Virginia.

Judge Lowell contended that failure to call the negroes for jury service would serve to nullify a conviction of Crawford should the case go before the supreme court.

The circuit court decision did not discuss the legality of exclusion of negroes from jury service in Virginia but did say any question brought up because of such a situation was for consideration by the courts of Virginia rather than the federal courts in impeachment proceedings.

J. Weston Allen, counsel for Crawford and a former attorney-general of Massachusetts, said he would take the case to the United States supreme court. Allen contended the federal courts had the right to enter the case before it was concluded as well as they did to review it afterwards.

2 Beer Seizure Cases To Be Reheard June 22

Cases of two beer shippers, seeking to enjoin Cobb county officers from molesting their shipments in interstate commerce, recently aired in federal district court, will be granted another hearing on June 22, before three judges.

The cases were heard Friday when R. R. Richmond, of Jacksonville, obtained an order from Judge E. Marvin Underwood allowing him to amend his original petition.

His brother Angelo, is serving 25 years in Joliet prison for the kidnaping of young Billy Ranieri several years ago. Another brother, Fred, was found shot to death in February in a West Side pool room.

Angelo Pettit's father-in-law, Thomas Tiritilli, was slain in December, 1929, as an aftermath of the Ranieri abduction and Ole Scully, a key witness in prosecution of the kidnaping, was beaten to death on the eve of the trial.

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'Decent Living' for All Set as Roosevelt Goal

President Sees Challenge for Workers and Employers in Outlining Policies Under Recovery Act.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(UP)—The text of President Roosevelt's outline of the policies to be followed under the national industrial recovery act:

The law I have just signed was passed to put people back to work—to let them buy more of the products of farms and factories and start our business at a living rate again. This task is in two stages—first, to get many hundreds of thousands of the unemployed back on the pay roll by snowfall and second, to plan for a better future for the longer pull. While we shall not neglect the second, the first stage is an emergency job. It has the right-of-way.

The second part of the act gives employment by a vast program of public works. Our studies show that we should be able to hire many men at once and to step up to about a million new jobs by October 1, and a much greater number later. We must put at the head of our list those works which are fully ready to start now. Our first purpose is to create employment as fast as we can but we should not pour money into unproved projects.

We have worked out our plans for action. Some of it will start tomorrow. I am making available \$400,000,000 for state roads under regulations which I have just signed and I am told that the states will get this work under way at once. I have also just over \$200,000,000 for the navy

to start building ships under the London treaty.

In my inaugural I laid down the simple proposition that no body is going to starve in this country. It seems to me to be equally plain that no business which depends for existence on paying less than living wages to its workers has any right to continue in this country. By "business" I mean the whole of commerce as well as the whole of industry; by workers I mean all workers—the white collar class as well as the men in overalls; and by living wages I mean more than a bare subsistence level—I mean the wages of decent living.

Throughout industry, the change from starvation wages and starvation employment to living wages and sustained employment can, in large part, be made by an industrial covenant to which all employers shall subscribe. It is greatly to their interest to do this because decent living, widely spread among our 125,000,000 people eventually means the opening up to industry of the richest market which the world has known. It is the only way to utilize the so-called excess capacity of our industrial plants. This is the principle that makes this one of the most important laws that ever came from

Continued in Page 2, Column 4.

WALLACE TO LEVY \$30 WHEAT TAX TO CUT ACREAGE

Cotton Program, To Be Announced Today, Expected To Fix Figure at Four Cents a Pound.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(UP)—A "three-year plan" to regulate the domestic grain industry was adopted today by the farm relief administration.

The program involves substantial reduction of future wheat acreage and the levying of a maximum processing tax on wheat.

The excise tax probably will go into effect sometime between July 1, the beginning of the wheat marketing year, and August 1, it was understood.

Wallace will announce his cotton acreage reduction which will apply to the crop now growing, tomorrow. It also will call for the levying of the maximum processing tax, which will be about 4 cents a pound, the exact figure to be determined later.

In the case of the wheat program, no effort will be made to reduce the crop now growing.

Benefits will be paid partly in advance for agreements to reduce the output.

Since current average wheat prices are approximately 50 cents per bushel and the goal set by the price-fixing provisions of the farm act is about 80 cents per bushel, the "maximum" tax is expected to be about 30 cents. It will represent the difference between the price level at the date of levy and the "target" price.

Benefits derived from tax collections will be used to pay bounties to farmers agreeing to reduce acreage they intend to harvest in 1934 and 1935. A maximum reduction of 20 per cent in acreage over a three-year period is asked by Secretary of Agriculture Wallace.

It was explained in well-informed quarters that the level of \$4.05 at which it was rumored in financial and conference circles that stabilization of the price of wheat had been used merely hypothetically by experts for the purpose of discussion, but that no agreement had yet been reached as to the level.

Earlier today Georges Bonnet, French finance minister, indicated he had considered that the American delegation had agreed to dollar stabilization when he accepted the election of James M. Cox as chairman of the monetary commission.

The pound closed here today at \$4.05 3/4, up 1-2 cent over yesterday's final quotation.

It was pointed out that the dollar should be stabilized with relation to each other somewhat above \$4, it was explained that this would represent considerable concession by the British who had first insisted that sterling must be reduced substantially below the high levels reached in terms of dollars since the United States abandoned the gold standard.

Milk Interests Reach Temporary Agreement

A temporary milk price stabilization agreement was reached in Washington Friday by representatives of dairy producers and dairy product distributors, Fred Bridges, assistant commissioner of agriculture, announced Friday night upon his return from the hearing at the capital.

Bridges said that group meetings would be held in four Georgia cities Monday to ratify the agreement reached. The meetings of producers and distributors will be held in Macon, Augusta, Atlanta and Columbus.

Three group meetings will be held here, it was announced. The Pure Milk League and the Pure Milk Association will meet in the county agent's office in the courthouse and the Milk Producers' Cooperative Association will meet in the senate chamber at the capital.

The representative of Secretary of Agriculture Wallace said in Washington Friday that it would hold the hearing open until June 26 to hear any further arguments and the agreement was designed to go into effect immediately. Its terms were not disclosed.

'Pretty Boy' Floyd, Companion Kidnap Sheriff and Escape

BOLIVAR, Mo., June 16.—(AP)—Charles (Pretty Boy) Floyd, notorious Oklahoma outlaw, and a companion, Adam Ricchetti, kidnaped Sheriff Jack Killingsworth here today and drove away in a stolen automobile, eluding pursuit.

The sheriff strolled into a garage yesterday where Floyd and Ricchetti had hidden the stolen car. He was covering with his weapon. Floyd quieted him down.

Bills Passed 1 Per Cent of Those Introduced

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(AP)—Congress' batting average for bills passed during the special session was just 1 per cent.

Eighty-one of the approximately 8,100 bills introduced were passed by both houses. Thirty-five of that number originated in the senate.

Both houses also passed 10 joint resolutions.

Approximately 2,000 bills went into the senate's hopper, while 6,000 were introduced by representatives.

U. S. AND BRITAIN ARE NEAR ACCORD ON STABILIZATION

Vital Matter As to Rates at Which Exchange Control Will Start Only Problem Unsolved.

LONDON, June 16.—(AP)—An agreement for stabilization of American and British currencies was reported fairly complete tonight except for the vital matter as to rates at which controls would begin.

However, in Washington it was emphasized that President Roosevelt had heard nothing from the world economic conference here in the way of a suggestion for currency stabilization. The conference cannot do anything about stabilization unless the action is approved by the president, the secretary of state and the secretary of the treasury.

The report that an agreement was almost complete came from American quarters at the conference. The French government insists stabilization of American and British currencies is the first essential step for any progress at the conference of nations.

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290 New Navy Planes Authorized by F. D. R.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(UP)—Construction of approximately 290 new navy airplanes at an estimated total cost of \$9,362,000 today was authorized by President Roosevelt.

The navy department said the planes would be attached to 32 vessels, construction of which is provided by the \$3,300,000,000 public works program included in the industrial recovery act.

Expenditure of \$9,362,000, for aircraft would bring the total estimates for ship and airplane construction from \$288,020,000 to \$297,382,000.

Reports of Weather Bureau stations

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER	Temperature	Humidity	Wind
ATLANTA, Ga., clear	78	84	00
Augusta, clear	78	84	00
Birmingham, clear	78	84	00
Boston, Mass., clear	82	86	00
Buffalo, N. Y., clear	69	64	00
Charleston, S. C., clear	72	78	00
Chicago, Ill., clear	78	78	00
Chicago, cloudy	78	78	00
Denver, clear	80	82	00
Helena, Mont., clear	84	84	00
Jacksonville, Fla., clear	72	76	00
Kansas City, Mo., clear	86	88	00
Macon, Ga., clear	78	80	00
Memphis, Tenn., clear	78	84	00
Mobile, Ala., clear	78	84	00
Minneapolis, Minn., clear	82	86	00
Montgomery, Ala., clear	82	86	00
New York, N. Y., clear	62	68	00
Oklahoma City, Okla., clear	100	100	00
Pittsburgh, Pa., clear	62	64	29
Raleigh, N. C., clear	78	84	00
San Francisco, Calif., clear	62	64	00
St. Louis, Mo., clear	86	88	00
Savannah, Ga., clear	78	84	00
Tampa, Fla., clear	78	84	00
Tulsa, Okla., clear	78	84	00
Vicksburg, Miss., clear	80	82	00
Washington, D. C., clear	64	70	12

MILLIONAIRE HELD SINCE THURSDAY BY VERNE SANKEY

Kidnapers Demand Money Be Delivered in Open Truck and Contain Bills of One, Five, Ten and Twenty Denominations.

TELEPHONE, MAIL CONTACTS MADE

Taxi Driver Identifies Canadian Outlaw as Man Who Sent Ransom Note to Associates.

ST. PAUL, June 16.—(AP)—William Hamm Jr., 39, St. Paul millionaire, was kidnapped yesterday and is being held for \$100,000 ransom, it was announced tonight.

News of the kidnaping was withheld by officials.

Mr. Hamm is president and treasurer of the Theon Brewing Company, St. Paul, and son of the late William Hamm, local capitalist.

First news of the kidnaping was received yesterday by William W. Dunn, manager of Hamm's properties. A telephone call to Mr. Dunn revealed the abduction. "We have kidnaped Mr. Hamm," said a voice. "You will hear from us later."

Today Mr. Dunn received a note which stated Mr. Hamm was being held for \$100,000 ransom and that unless the money was paid Mr. Hamm would be killed. Attached to the bottom of the note was a postscript signed by Hamm, in which he urged immediate payment of the money.

The note was delivered by a taxi driver, who told police he was approached by two men Thursday night. "This man told me," the driver related to police, "that he would give me \$2 if I would take a note to Mr. Hamm. He said his name was Gordon and that he lived in the Lowry hotel. I took the note and delivered it."

Police said the taxi driver later identified a picture of Verne Sankey, sought for two kidnapings already, as "Gordon," the man who gave him the note. Sankey is wanted for the Haskell Bohm kidnaping, St. Paul, last year. The more recent Charles Boettcher II kidnaping, at Denver.

The kidnapers' note further stated that contact with the payers of the ransom was to be made by a truck of the Hamm company, which bears his name and which was founded by his father.

The younger Hamm has carried on the traditions of the family and has been active in many phases of business. He has been more retiring than his father and his name seldom has appeared in public in connection with the family business.

Sankey has been a fugitive for months, sought in the United States and Canada.

Continued in Page 7, Column 5.

The Weather GENERALLY FAIR.

Georgia—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Weather forecast for all cotton states may be found in market pages.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	81
Lowest temperature	64
Mean temperature	72
Normal temperature	76
Rainfall in past 12 hrs.	.00
Excess since Jan. 1 of mo.	.68
Deficiency since Jan. 1 of mo.	3.24
Total rainfall since Jan. 1, ins.	24.80

Dry temperature . 65 78 81
Wet bulb . 54 58 62
Relative humidity . 48 27 32

Reports of Weather Bureau stations

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER	Temperature	Humidity	Wind
ATLANTA, Ga., clear	78	84	00
Augusta, clear	78	84	00
Birmingham, clear	78	84	00
Boston, Mass., clear	82	86	00
Buffalo, N. Y., clear	69	64	00
Charleston, S. C., clear	72	78	00
Chicago, Ill., clear	78	78	00
Chicago, cloudy	78	78	00
Denver, clear	80	82	00
Helena, Mont., clear	84	84	00
Jacksonville, Fla., clear	72	76	00
Kansas City, Mo., clear	86	88	00
Macon, Ga., clear	78	80	00
Memphis, Tenn., clear	78	84	00
Mobile, Ala., clear	78	84	00
Minneapolis, Minn., clear	82	86	00
Montgomery, Ala., clear	82	86	00
New York, N. Y., clear	62	68	00
Oklahoma City, Okla., clear	100	100	00
Pittsburgh, Pa., clear	62	64	29
Raleigh, N. C., clear	78	84	00
San Francisco, Calif., clear	62	64	00
St. Louis, Mo., clear	86	88	00
Savannah, Ga., clear	78	84	00
Tampa, Fla., clear	78	84	00
Tulsa, Okla., clear	78	84	00
Vicksburg, Miss., clear	80	82	00
Washington, D. C., clear	64	70	12

GEORGE W. MUNDLING, Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

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EASTMAN NAMED RAIL CO-ORDINATOR

Appointment of I. C. C. Member Follows Signing of Railroad Measure.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(AP)—The task of helping the nation's railroads back to a sound financial basis was entrusted today by President Roosevelt to Joseph B. Eastman, long experienced member of the interstate commerce commission.

A few hours after he had signed the emergency railroad reorganization measure, the president appointed the sturdy, red-haired, hard-working commissioner as federal co-ordinator of transportation. Eastman also will continue as a member of the interstate commerce commission.

Exploration of the possibilities of railroad economies will be one of Eastman's biggest jobs. But he said in a statement that "so far as the immediate or early accomplishment of important economies is concerned, the restrictions of the act with respect to reduction in the number and compensation of railroad employees probably will constitute serious obstacles."

Eastman issued the following statement: "The emergency railroad transportation act of 1933 does not pretend to be a complete or final answer to the transportation problem of the United States. Nor does it put the railroads under the control of a federal railroad czar."

"It is a temporary and preliminary measure which is designed to pave the way to a comprehensive treatment of the transportation situation of a more permanent and enduring character."

"To this end, it sets up a federal co-ordinator of transportation, who is not to manage the railroads but whose duty it is, with the aid of the interstate commerce commission, to help the railroads in exploring all possibilities for the avoidance of waste and preventable expense and to encourage and promote, if need be, require action which will have that result."

"So far as the immediate or early accomplishment of important economies is concerned, the restrictions of the act with respect to reduction in the number and compensation of railroad employees will probably constitute serious obstacles."

The president signed the railroad bill in the presence of legislators who engineered it through the extra session. The appointment of Eastman came late in the day.

The act has one emergency and two permanent features.

Under the former, the anti-trust laws are suspended for two years to permit the federal co-ordinator, in conjunction with regional committees of the carriers from the east, west and south, to work out economies

Roosevelt Thanks Congress for Work

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(UP)—President Roosevelt sent to congress early today a letter expressing his appreciation of the work done during the special session. The letter was read in both houses by Vice President Garner and Speaker Rainey.

"Before the adjournment of the special session I want to convey to you and to the members of the house of representatives an expression of my thanks for making possible on the broad average, a more sincere and wholehearted co-operation between the legislative and the executive branches of the United States government than has been witnessed by the American people in many a long year."

"This spirit of teamwork in most cases transcended party lines. It has taken cognizance of a crisis in the affairs of our nation and of the world. It has grasped the need for a new approach to problems both new and old. It has proven that our form of government can rise to an emergency and can carry through a broad program in the shortest time."

"I am certain that the American people are appreciative of the work of this special session of the seventy-third congress."

"Please let me add that the past few months have given to me very special pleasure in the renewal of old friendships and the forming of new ones among the members of congress."

"To each and every one of you I send my best wishes for a well-deserved and happy holiday during the coming months."

through unification of services and elimination of waste, and to promote financial reorganization.

The permanent clauses give the interstate commerce commission control over holding companies which heretofore have effected consolidations of the railroads without approval of the commission, and repeal the recapture provision of the interstate commerce act under which the roads have been required to pay Uncle Sam one-half of all earnings in excess of 6 per cent.

Under the latter provision, the roads will be given back \$13,000,000 in such earnings and government claims to \$342,000,000 more will be released. The act directs the co-ordinator to submit recommendations to the commission for further legislation looking to the improvement of the transportation systems, and while it does not affect rates, as such, it provides a new basis for rate making.

While the co-ordinator will have the power to compel recalcitrant roads to effect certain economies, Chairman Dill, of the senate committee, said any interested party might appeal to modify or set aside his order.

In achieving savings, labor is protected by the act in prohibiting dismissal of employees but permitting the roads to leave unfilled jobs vacant through death, resignation or retirement.

ROOSEVELT LEAVES FOR VACATION TRIP

President To Board Am-berjack II for Two Weeks' Voyage at Sea.

EN ROUTE WITH PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT TO BOSTON, June 16.—(AP)—With schoolboyish enthusiasm, President Roosevelt sped tonight toward the Massachusetts coast for his first vacation from a strenuous three months in the White House.

Boarding a special train at 8:30 tonight after one of his busiest days, which saw his emergency recovery program ordered into full operation, the president went early to bed.

Tomorrow, after a call at Groton school in Massachusetts, which his younger sons, Franklin Jr. and John, are attending, he will board the trim schooner, Amberjack II, for two weeks to be spent almost continuously at sea.

Campobello Island, just over the Canadian border from Maine, is his destination. It was there in 1921 that Mr. Roosevelt was stricken with infantile paralysis. This is his first visit since then.

A slow, easy cruise of from 40 to 70 miles a day, depending upon the wind and weather, along the New England coast, at nights in convenient harbors, is the vacation program.

Motoring from Boston to Groton tomorrow, he will continue by automobile to Woods Hole, where he will anchor in Nauset harbor.

Thereafter the trip is uncheduled, except for a stop at Portland, Me., next Friday, where Franklin and John will join the crew. James, the eldest son, will be with him from the start.

Asked tonight if he was going to do the navigating, as usual, Mr. Roosevelt replied:

"If I am not sleeping."

The Atlantic coast line is familiar to the president. As a boy he sailed along this sea lane. He is regarded as an expert skipper.

Shaking off the cares of public life and the demands of public men about him, Mr. Roosevelt was accompanied northward only by members of his staff, Stephen T. Early, a secretary; Miss Margaret Lehand, his personal secretary; and Henry Kane, of his office.

Upon reaching Campobello on June 28 he will remain a day and a night, and then board the cruiser, Indianapolis, for its speed trial run. He will leave the cruiser at the mouth of the Potomac and continue to Washington on a destroyer.

SECOND PHASE OF RECOVERY WAR BEGUN BY F. D. R.

Continued From First Page.

Johnson had been appointed administrator of the national industrial recovery act.

In the next breath he appointed Donald H. Sawyer as temporary administrator of the public works program—the \$3,300,000,000 project designed to recruit 3,000,000 men from the ranks of the jobless.

Military Methods. Johnson, who likes the direct methods of military men, undertakes the job of putting into effect a bill which Mr. Roosevelt calls the most far-reaching legislation ever enacted by congress.

To him falls the task of harnessing industrial America, of regulating wage scales, volume of production, and working hours.

His influence will be felt in corner grocery stores, steel mills, shipyards, in the barnyards of the middle west and in Park avenue parlors.

Senator Robert F. Wagner, the New York democrat, who has fought for four years in behalf of the unemployed, stood at Mr. Roosevelt's elbow when the industrial recovery bill was signed.

Two boards—composed chiefly of cabinet members—were named to help in the administration of the national industrial recovery act. Mr. Roosevelt said he hoped the entire program would be functioning within 20 days.

Senator Carter Glass, foremost congressional authority on financial matters, was behind Mr. Roosevelt's chair when the Glass-Steagall bank reform bill was signed.

The measure establishes partial guarantee of bank deposits by the federal government, and compels commercial banking houses to divest themselves from their investment affiliates within one year. It has been dogging in and out of congress for months, and only now has won sufficient support to become law.

"This bill," Mr. Roosevelt said, "has more lives than a cat. A cat has nine lives. This bill was killed 14 times."

At the agriculture and postoffice departments other phases of the rehabilitation program moved forward. Postmaster-General Farley announced tentative plans had been completed for the spending of an additional \$25,000,000 on federal building projects as part of the public works program. Among the projects are an \$8,000,000 postoffice in New York city and a \$4,275,000 one in St. Louis.

Conference Called. Secretary of Agriculture Wallace called a conference for June 26 to consider application of the vast farm relief act to the dairy industry. It will be a purely informal conference, he said, but representatives of all branches of the industry will be present—producers, distributors, processors, evaporated milk, ice cream, butter, cheese and powdered milk.

He also announced plans to bring the great food distributing concerns under the operation of the farm relief bill. His first action was to appoint Gordon C. Corbaley, of New York, as unofficial adviser for that portion of the administration of the bill. Corbaley will attempt to conclude agreements among the distributors to see that the higher prices for farm products will not result in an inordinate increase in retail food prices.

Women's Pains —Why wait for slow-dissolving tablets to act?

Why prolong your discomfort waiting for slow-dissolving tablets to act? Use Liquid CAPUDINE.

Use Liquid CAPUDINE. It's already dissolved!

John American Smith's Debts Are Eased by Federal Action

(This is the second of a series of four articles explaining measures undertaken by congress and showing how they affect the average person.)

By J. R. BRACKETT, Associated Press Business Writer.

A mass drive on the huge pile of debt lying on Mr. John American Smith's farms and homes obstructing his railroad lines, preventing the functioning of his unemployment relief bureau and keeping him out of his banks is an essential function of the congressional legislative program.

Estimates of the total of these and other debts range between \$125,000,000 and \$175,000,000. Heavy enough in prosperous times, under the pressure of falling prices and the depression they are almost insupportable.

In order to release and increase Mr. Smith's purchasing power, the government has taken steps to ease his burden. Here are some of the measures Congress has chosen to lighten the stress:

1. Authorized the issue of some \$4,000,000 in government bonds in two measures to help the owners of small homes and small farms. The government either would give the lender government bonds for the mortgage, or at a lower rate of interest and payable over a longer period, or would lend the borrower cash with which to pay off part of his mortgage.

2. Authorized the issue of some \$8,500,000 in government bonds to help the owners of small homes and small farms. The government either would give the lender government bonds for the mortgage, or at a lower rate of interest and payable over a longer period, or would lend the borrower cash with which to pay off part of his mortgage.

3. Authorized the issue of some \$20,000,000 in government bonds to help the owners of small homes and small farms. The government either would give the lender government bonds for the mortgage, or at a lower rate of interest and payable over a longer period, or would lend the borrower cash with which to pay off part of his mortgage.

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which Mr. Smith has large interests. It passed bank legislation enabling the secretary of the treasury to appoint conservators, partly reopening the banks which now have about \$25,000,000,000 in frozen assets; gave him permission to subscribe to the capital stock of new or reorganized banks; lessened restrictions governing support of the currency so that banks could quickly change collateral into money to meet demands of bank depositors.

One reason banks fail is that sometimes they are unable to change their loans into cash. The legislation enables the banks to hold such loans and then to sell them to the government for the rate of 100 per cent.

4. Relief work, broken down in many places due to the inability of banks to raise money to honor money, was rescued by the passage of an emergency unemployment bill which allowed the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to allot \$500,000,000 to the states for relief purposes. State and municipal debt totals about \$18,000,000,000.

5. Another section of the bill requires national banks to divest their security affiliates within a year. The most important security affiliates still in existence are those of the Guaranty Trust Company, the Guaranty Trust Company and the First National Bank.

The National City Bank has already taken preliminary steps to eliminate its security business—conducted through the National City Company—but the Guaranty Trust Company and the First National Bank have not made an announcement on the matter.

Management of the deposit insurance agency will be vested in a board of three members composed of the controller of the currency and two others appointed by the president. An initial capitalization of \$150,000,000 was carried in the emergency appropriation bill signed by the president today.

In addition, it will receive about \$175,000,000 from the federal reserve banks and up to one-half of 1 per cent of the deposits insured.

Altogether, in cash insuring power, the corporation is expected to have total resources of about \$2,000,000,000.

This is the only new agency created by the bank act with the exception of a federal open market committee to handle open market operations by the reserve system. This organization probably will be called upon to play a prominent part in the administration of the credit expansion program.

Many of the provisions of the act went into effect today with the signing of the measure and required no new legislation.

The law gave the federal reserve board strict control over its credit facilities with power to withdraw them when banks will not co-operate to curb speculation.

Payment of interest on demand deposits by member banks is prohibited hereafter except for interest under existing contracts and the reserve board is empowered to fix rates on time deposits. Operation of some of the bill's provision is suspended to allow a period of adjustment.

Under the new law, member banks to divest their security affiliates and private banks have the same time in which to drop either their investment or their banking business.

The entire legal division of the federal reserve board is studying the bill for the formulation of regulations that will be imposed under it.

ROOSEVELT SIGNS INDUSTRIAL BILL TO START JOB AID

Continued From First Page.

through which Johnson hopes to put 1,000,000 men to work by fall.

Millions for State Aid. In addition to these sums, millions are to be set aside for aiding states, counties and municipalities in construction projects and President Roosevelt directed before leaving for his vacation that a list of the work ready for submission to him upon his return.

Johnson hopes that in addition to employing a million men directly and indirectly through the public works expenditures, another 2,000,000 will be re-employed under provisions of the industrial recovery measures.

Dozens or more industries were understood today to be on the verge of presenting trade agreements outside the anti-trust laws intended to bring higher wages to most manufacturing workers and spread the work at the same time by setting a maximum hour limit.

In New York the automobile industry was considering a trade agreement to be presented to Johnson for approval; soft coal operators were in

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BANKING CHANGES EXPECTED SOON

Bankers Busily Engaged in Study of New Measure.

NEW YORK, June 16.—(AP)—Drastic changes in banking practices soon will be put into effect as a result of enactment of the Glass-Steagall banking bill, it was indicated here by a survey of financial opinion.

The signing of the measure today by President Roosevelt found the legal departments of Wall Street banking institutions busily engaged in a close study of the measure.

Private bankers here have not yet decided what they plan to do on the choice which the bill gives them between giving up the deposit banking business or the security business.

At the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. it was explained this point would be decided only after long and careful study. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. has reached no decision on the matter, it was said.

Some of the other important private bankers, including Lehman Bros., Dillon, Read & Co., and Goldman, Sachs & Co., felt they would be unaffected by this feature of the bill, because they have virtually no deposit business.

Another section of the bill requires national banks to divest their security affiliates within a year. The most important security affiliates still in existence are those of the Guaranty Trust Company, the Guaranty Trust Company and the First National Bank.

The National City Bank has already taken preliminary steps to eliminate its security business—conducted through the National City Company—but the Guaranty Trust Company and the First National Bank have not made an announcement on the matter.

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This is the only new agency created by the bank act with the exception of a federal open market committee to handle open market operations by the reserve system. This organization probably will be called upon to play a prominent part in the administration of the credit expansion program.

HIGH'S...Spectacular Shirt-Value for "Father's Day"



Winners! Girls' Sports Frocks

\$1.98 Also

\$1

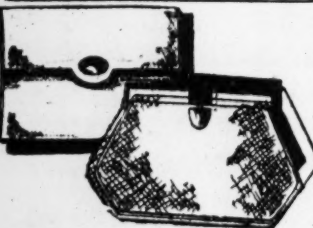
Piques and lines that are the last word in correct sport lines! Dresser frocks, too, of sheer cotton! Miss 7 to 16 will love these for vacation!

THIRD FLOOR

Tots' 79c Gay Beach Pajamas

2 for \$1! With hats to match! Bright prints and solid linens... tub-fast... sun-fast! Sizes 2 to 6... 59c

THIRD FLOOR



Washable White Bags

Pique, Pacca and novelty grains in STUNNING styles! They wash and wash... and come out looking fresh and new! Fitted!

STREET FLOOR

39c to 50c Jewelry

White and color! Necklaces, earrings, brooches, clips. Smart accents! 10c

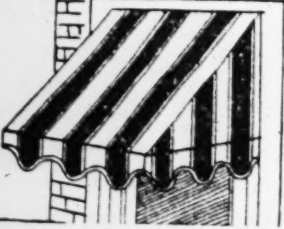
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Initials Included On Smart 16-rib Gloria UMBRELLAS

New—different! Umbrellas with YOUR own initials. Beautiful fabrics—choice of handles.

STREET FLOOR



Ready-Made Awnings

Complete with fixtures! Two-toned green and tan! 30-inch size. 42-in. Awnings... \$1.19 48-in. Awnings... \$1.39

\$1.69 Chintz Drapes

Glazed Chintz in all colors! Complete. \$1

Double Warp Grass Rugs

Oval or oblong shape. Stenciled designs. Real values for your porch! Size 4x7 ft.

STREET FLOOR

High's Own Special! \$1.35

Modecraft Hose

Women's Initialed Sports Kerchiefs 19c

2 Prs. \$1.30 69c Pr.

48 Gauge Chiffons

3 for 50c! Pure Irish linen with sprawling two-toned initial!

Full-fashioned! Every pair PERFECT! We're proud of our brand... and you'll be proud of the savings! Newest summer shades.

HIGH'S STREET FLOOR

Silk Slips

Pure Dye French Crepe Shadow-Proof Panel

What a Value—\$1.69

Reg. \$1.98!

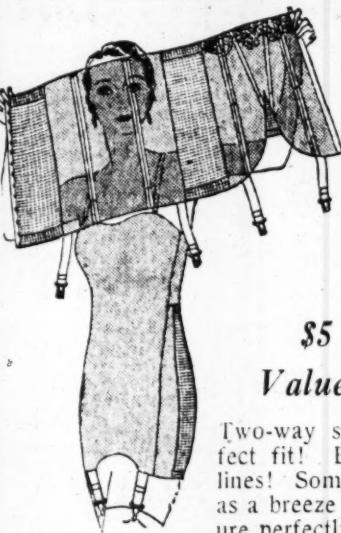
"Simply marvelous" you'll say... and LOOK at the low price! Trimmings with rich Alencon-style laces! White, flesh, tearose! All sizes.

HIGH'S THIRD FLOOR

Duck Slacks

Everybody's wearing them! And finding the smartest at High's! White ducks, with blue star! Blue linens, too, with red and white stripes! Sizes 12 to 20.

HIGH'S THIRD FLOOR



Redfern Shadow Garments

Corselettes or Girdles

\$5 Values! \$3.98

Two-way stretch back means perfect fit! Boned front for smooth lines! Some with inner belts! Cool as a breeze... and molds your figure perfectly!

HIGH'S SECOND FLOOR

Exciting! More of Those Thrilling New \$2.98

EYELET FROCKS

Did you EVER think you'd get them for \$1.98? We picked them for a Saturday SPECIAL... you'll choose them for style and savings!

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White Pink Blue Green Navy Brown

Just Arrived! 500 New

- PIQUES
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We searched New York for the season's smartest... here they are!

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HIGH'S THIRD FLOOR

DRESSES To Flatter Women Who Wear

Sizes 40 to 52

MONOTONE AND PLAIN SHEERS

WASHABLE CREPES SUMMER PRINTS

JACKET FROCKS LACE DRESSES

At One Exciting Price!

\$5.95



- 1 and 2-Pc. Dresses
- Sheers with Swagger Coats
- New Prints with Jackets!

Everything that's new—from jacket frocks to dark sheers with crisp lingerie touches—particularly designed for the larger woman.

Navy! Black! All White!

HIGH'S SECOND FLOOR

Be Among the Crowds—Buying! Saving!—Amazing Sale!

Summer Toiletries

\$4.15 oz. Coty Floral Perfume Summer perfume in dainty flower odors! Dram... 25c

10c Palmolive Soap, 10 Cakes For a smooth, lovely skin! 54c

\$1 Coty Compacts New style! Black with smart design! 39c

\$1.50 Coty Lip Sticks Gold finish cases! Large size. All shades 59c

\$6.98—10-Pc. Dresser Sets For the June bride! Boudoir shades on black, gold decorated... \$2.98

10c Lifebuoy Soap, 10 Cakes Large size cakes! A summer special! 54c

\$1 Trejur Dusting Powder Enameled boxes in boudoir shades! 29c

50c Wrigley's Tooth Paste Large tubes! Fine quality paste! 10c

\$1.50 Lenthieric Face Powder 3 for \$1! Fine powder, all shades 39c

Check This List! Many Other Toiletries Included!

\$1.85 Coty Perfume, Powder... 98c 50c Squibb's Paste... 26c 55c Jergen's Skin Lotion... 31c 25c Kleenex... 3 for 57c 50c Rubbing Alcohol... 19c 55c Ipana Tooth Paste... 29c \$1 Trejur Skin Creams... 19c \$1—2-qt. Syringes... 39c 35c Shaving Cream... 10c 25c World Razor Blades... 2 for 29c 8c Ivory Soap... 12 for 59c 25c J. & J. Talc... 19c

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COMPLETE SUMMER OUTFITS FOR BOYS

...at High's Usual LOW Prices!



Sport Coats

Master 3 to 10 wears his in blue or brown flannel! Pinch backs, patch pockets... \$2.98

Sport Coats

Blue flannel, pinch back styles for sizes 10 to 20... \$4.98



Sport Pants

Washable! Neat stripes on light backgrounds... look like flannel. Sizes 12 to 18... \$1.59

\$4.98 SPORTS PANTS, serge. Neat stripes. Sizes 12 to 20... \$2.98



Boys' Bradley Bathing Suits

One-piece speed models that are whizzes! Bright colors you'll like, boys! Sizes 28 to 36... \$1.69



A Record-Breaking Event—That Takes the Lead Over Anything Offered at DOUBLE This Price!

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Guaranteed Fast Color BROADCLOTH

SHIRTS

COLLAR-ATTACHED

White: Cream: Blue: Grey: \$1.35

Free Laundering...

Each shirt bears a ticket, calling for one free laundering by Piedmont Laundry. Another reason why you'll exclaim—"Of all the values!"

All Sizes

Here are shirts for a man to wear with pride! Wives, daughters, sons—each and every one with gifts to buy for "Father's Day"—SEE these shirts. Note the fine weave and rich silky finish. The ideal shirt for warm weather—because of lighter weight and durable wearing qualities.

MEN'S STORE, HIGH'S STREET FLOOR

3-Pc. Suits

COAT : VEST : PANTS Of High-Grade Cotton Natural Linen Finish.

\$3.25 TWO SUITS for \$6



Sanforized Shrunk—Guaranteed Not to Shrink!

Here's a lucky break for "Father's Day" gift-seekers! Just unpacked—new shipment of those cool, comfortable COTTON SUITS that have set the town talking! Whatever you do—SEE these suits—they're winners!

MEN'S STORE, HIGH'S STREET FLOOR

Sizes for—Slims, Shorts, Stouts, Regulars.

Men's \$5 Wrist Watches

The Famous Ingraham Make!



Surprise Dad with one! Guaranteed one year! Chromium finish case with matching or leather straps. American made movement!

\$1.84

HIGH'S STREET FLOOR

Fitted Cases \$2.98

Leather traveling cases, completely fitted! Grand for dear old Dad!

Leather Bill Folds \$1

He'll appreciate these! Without seams or stitching! Black, brown.

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Entered at the Postoffice at Atlanta as second-class mail matter.

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THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York city by 2 p. m. the day after issue. It can be had: Hottel's News Stand, Broadway and Forty-third street (Times building corner).

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ATLANTA, GA., JUNE 17, 1933.

AN EPOCHAL SESSION.

No congress ever assembled in the United States has made a better record for speed and in the wide sweep of legislative enactment than the one which adjourned Thursday night after a session lasting less than three and a half months.

Its task was a herculean one, but it was well performed.

When it assembled on March 4 the country was depressed as it has seldom before. Thousands of banks had failed and hundreds of others all over the country were ready to close their doors. Bankruptcies were piling up at an increasingly alarming rate, more people were out of work than had ever before been known, and the whole country was in the grip of distress and despondency.

A kaleidoscopic change has been effected in the short time since President Roosevelt took the wheel and turned the ship of state completely around.

A bank moratorium was immediately declared, resulting in an immediate adjustment of the financial situation; relief measures of many kinds were at once launched, and bankruptcies began to dwindle.

The price of cotton has soared from below 6 cents to above 9, wheat has gone from 45 cents to 75 cents, and other farm products have experienced similar increases. Manufactured commodities of all kinds have gone up and securities have undergone substantial increases.

The country today feels that it is headed toward prosperity and, regardless of partisan politics, public sentiment the country over recognizes the fact that to the master hand of Franklin D. Roosevelt is to be attributed this change.

No president has ever assumed the duties of the office at a more critical time and none more aggressively, even in time of war. He told congress what it should do and assumed full responsibility. He frankly admitted that some of his proposals were in the nature of experiments.

He pledged that if after a fair test any of the measures proposed should prove to be ineffective they would be abandoned.

So aggressive was his leadership that congress practically capitulated and placed in his hands greater authority than has ever before been given to any president. Not even in times of war has any president been clothed with the power that congress vested in Roosevelt to enable him to overcome the conditions existing when the new administration assumed office.

Up to this time none of the steps advocated by the president have failed to give assurance that they would achieve the relief sought through them. Whether or not this will be true with all the legislation enacted at his urgency remains to be seen.

It would be nothing less than miraculous if all the relief plans should meet the full expectation behind their creation. Already it is certain that most of them will, but even if not more than half of them bring the desired results, the president will have accomplished more than any president has ever

been able to do within so short a time.

The country knows now that the nation has a real leader in command—one who has already brought order out of chaos, and it is its confident belief that we are on the way to better times.

NOT TOO BIG A PRICE.

Referring to our editorial, "Wouldn't It Be Wonderful?" in The Constitution of Friday, Hon. J. J. Whitfield, ordinary of Pulaski county, makes the following comment:

Editor Constitution: Your "Wouldn't It Be Wonderful?" editorial would nullify the benefits predicted in the editorial, as no federal funds are possible when convicts are utilized.

It is imperative that funds now impounded be released to relieve debt counties, to bankers holding discounted highway estimates, and continuation of county contracts. Otherwise all felony convicts will be turned back to counties and tax rates will be raised to support misdeeds.

Many counties are depending on highway funds held to meet July maturing bonds. A crisis is impending in county affairs and wrecking of the activities of the highway board will also paralyze county governments depending thereon.

J. J. WHITFIELD,
Ordinary Pulaski County.
Hawkinsville, Ga., June 16, 1933.

The Constitution agrees with Judge Whitfield that the situation brought about by the controversy between the governor and the highway board is a very serious one. If there is any possible way to reach a solution of the controversy between the governor and the board, it should be found.

It seems, however, that this is impossible. Certainly some better use of the \$2,500,000 fund now impounded can be devised than to have it remain idle.

Ordinary Whitfield is in error in the statement that no federal funds are available when convicts are used. It is true that convicts cannot be used in the execution of contracts paid for with federal funds, but the counties can use convicts for the necessary grading before paying contracts are let.

Most of the highways in the state which have been paid for with federal co-operation were first graded by counties through the use of convict labor. The same thing can be done now.

We agree, however, with Ordinary Whitfield that the impounded funds should be put to use in paying what the state owes. So applied, the state could work itself entirely out of debt by the end of the year.

Even suspension of road building for six months would not be too much to pay for such a happy and far-reaching result.

MASSACHUSETTS JOINS IN.

As surprising as it is the landslide proportions of the vote with which Massachusetts joined the repeal parade, the practical unanimity with which the towns and cities of the state approved the issuance of local licenses is of even greater significance in revealing the sweeping change in sentiment toward the sale of intoxicating liquors that has taken place under the eighteenth amendment.

An election on the question of local licenses was held in most of the communities of the state in 1924, being defeated in the vast majority of them. Nine years later scores of these same towns and cities reversed themselves and went on record as favoring a licensing system for the control of the distribution of liquors. In only a few towns of the state were the drys able to rally enough votes to defeat the proposition.

No clearer nor more convincing evidence could be produced that the eighteenth amendment has increased, rather than decreased, the consumption of intoxicants. The right about face of these Massachusetts towns in their attitude toward prohibition can be attributed to no other cause than that drinking among their populations has increased.

It was anticipated that Massachusetts would be for repeal, but no such majority as the four-to-one vote was expected. In thus becoming the eleventh successive state to express its dissatisfaction with the unbearable conditions that have grown up under the eighteenth amendment, this state New England state further emphasizes the practical certainty that by the end of this year a sufficient number of states will have approved the repeal proposal to remove the amendment from the constitution.

It is estimated there has been a decrease of 8,000,000 horses in the United States in the last 15 years. This probably accounts for the decrease also in horse sense.

Radio static has been traced to the stars, according to a scientist. We wonder if it's some of the stars at the microphone.

The way they are voting on the eighteenth amendment, it appears the only thing left to be dry will be the weather and humor.

THE WORLD'S WINDOW

BY PIERRE VAN PAASSEN.

A Scientific Error.

Dr. Thost, the London correspondent of the "Racist Observer," Herr Hitler's personal paper, addressed a tumultuous gathering of Oxford students recently whom he told that the Nazi revolution must be compared with the Russian revolution and with the French revolution or with the English rebellion under Cromwell.

If we really do compare these events in world history with the change in Germany we find the following: The American revolution transferred control from the hands of England to the American people. The French revolution transferred administration of France from the hands of the feudal nobles to the hands of the middle classes. The Russian revolution in Russia transferred control from the nobility to the middle classes and the bolshevik revolution transferred power once more from the middle classes to the proletariat. There was in each case a transfer of power.

In Germany nothing of the sort has happened. There it was a consolidation through the instrumentality of the Nazis, and it was therefore not a revolution.

End of Fighting.

It is reported that the Chinese have proposed an armistice to Japan just at the moment when the Japanese army made ready to enter the old city of Peking. Dispatches express the hope that this will be the beginning of negotiations which will lead to a re-establishment of peace in the far east. This is a rather big expectation. But all things are possible. Yet at the same time there remain in dozens of sources of conflict. There is a revolt in Chinese Turkestan. The Cantonese are eager to proclaim their own independence. Rival armies are marching across China.

Sixty million Chinese have proclaimed soviet and have put an army in the field that seems to be the first of its kind in the world. British and Japanese influences continue to oppose each other in China itself. But to stop fighting is naturally the first requisite to produce some order out of chaos. With war the turmoil and disorder constantly increases. What far the news at this moment—what will it be tomorrow?—is hopeful.

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Health Talks

BY DR. WILLIAM BRADY

WHICH CAT IS OUT OF THE BAG? THE TRAIT CAT.

There, now that the wisecracking neurotics have walked out on us rather than the dumber or the dishonester, we shall continue the course for the benefit of your dumb ones who elected to go on with it. We are glad that dumb neurotics are in the majority. There's always a chance of restoring a dumb one to normalcy, provided he isn't too darn dumb to understand simple truths.

Every beat of the heart, every breath you draw, every wave of your hand or lift of your finger, every swing of your leg, every wink of your eye, means the expenditure of energy. Some fuel must be oxidized, burned, to provide the necessary energy. No matter whether you prefer to call it muscular energy, organic, functional, physical, vital, nervous or mental. So far as we know, so far as science warrants, one uses as much or more energy in doing a soft-bodied egg or explaining it to the traffic cop on one does in working an intricate mathematical plot. Actual tests have proved that the energy the body derives from a single peanut is enough to brain for an hour or more at high tension. Prolonged so-called brain work uses up so little energy that it is practically negligible. Clearly there is no real basis for the notion that there is such a thing as brain or nerve energy (apart from ordinary physical or muscular energy), nor for the old dodge that "brain energy" or "nerve strain" is due to overstudy, business cares, great responsibilities, and all that bunk of quacks and crooks.

It is a well-known fact that the hard worker, the individual who plays hard or goes in for athletic activities, requires more sleep than the sedentary individual, the "brain worker." Naturally so, for the inactive individual has less wear and tear to repair. That's what sleep is for. The late Thomas A. Edison, who put in long days at his mental tasks but who actively avoided all forms of exercise or physical activity, required a minimum of sleep, for he had little wear and tear to repair. Babies, who are comparatively inactive both physically and mentally, naturally sleep most of the time, for they have a prodigious amount of building to do—rapid growth.

It should be fairly obvious that there is only one kind of energy or power or vigor or strength or health, and that is the physical. It is true, it follows that people who are strong or well enough to be up and about and attending to their work take advantage of us when they ask us to grant them special privileges, concessions or indulgences on the ground that their nerves are exhausted or something. They may be, but they are not. They are strong enough in their funny notion—they are sincere if they are dumb neurotics—but we know and all the world should know that their "nerve" is exhausted, and that is a wicked imposition upon the self-denying relatives, friends and associates of the nervous impostor. It is time to give these real sufferers a new deal.

Freud and his followers have shown that much "nervousness" is due to the conviction which arises from the position of the consciousness to the manifestation of unethical wishes repressed in the unconscious or subconscious mind. We'll see later how fear is concerned in this.

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FORMER TAX COLLECTOR ACCUSED OF THEFT

BARTON, Fla., June 16.—(AP)—Information charging embezzlement were filed in criminal court here today against J. P. Murdaugh, former tax collector for Polk county. Two informations, embracing four counts each, were filed. The amount involved in the alleged embezzlement was said to be approximately \$53,000.

RUTH KRESGE TO WED BRITISH BROKER TODAY

NEW YORK, June 16.—(UP)—Ruth H. Kresge, daughter of the millionaire chain store head, and Henry W. N. Head, a broker, obtained a license to wed here today. They are to be married tomorrow, they said. Miss Kresge gave her age as 30 and her birthplace as Detroit. Head is 35, was born in England and lives in Ireland. He is the son of Dr. Henry N. Head.

Letters From a Bald-Headed Dad to a Flapper Daughter

BY ROBERT QUILLEN

My dear Louise.

Like every other parent since time immemorial, I have done my utmost to teach you the need and the worth of purity.

I have assured you, and again assure you now, that men of honor and character and decency have no respect for women of little virtue. Unless they are tricked, they choose mates who have had no ill experience of love—women they can trust and honor as they do their mothers.

And men of the other type prefer such women, also, however little they have merited such a reward.

These things I have told you often to counteract the poisonous influence of books and magazine stories and scenarios that sugar-coat vice to make it seem respectable.

But there is another side of the story. If you make yourself the kind of girl that men prefer, you have the right to demand that men make themselves the kind you prefer.

Society always has and perhaps always will grant men privileges that it denies to women. Men are forgiven "indiscretions" that would ruin a girl beyond all hope of redemption. It isn't fair, but that's the way it is and there's nothing you can do about it.

But you can do something to safeguard yourself. You and every other decent girl can require the same degree of honor that is required of you.

To say there are no clean young men is a confession of ignorance. It is on a par with the malicious charge that chastity among women is a thing of the past. The people who say these things speak without knowledge or else they are unfortunate in their choice of acquaintances. But continent young men are relatively few, and the percentage with no experience of disease is not large. One New York medical official asserts that 90 per cent of men under 45 are now or at some time have been diseased.

How true that is I do not know. But I do know that many men are brutal enough to marry despite disease, and their wives endure major operations or life-long agony as a result. Shame hides the truth, but it can't hide the maimed and imbecile children.

I had rather see you in your coffin, my dear, than to see you at the altar for a marriage like that.

A girl has only one safeguard. The boy who asks her to marry him should present a health certificate from her family physician and another from a reputable physician. If he doesn't offer such proof of his fitness, she should demand it before giving her answer.

It is better to risk offending a loved one than to have your own love destroyed by shame and endless suffering.

Love, DAD.

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HOLLYWOOD IN PERSON

BY MOLLIE MERRICK.

(Copyright, 1933, by the North American Newspaper Alliance, Inc.)

HOLLYWOOD, Cal., June 16.—Greta Garbo may have a new leading man in the person of a sleek, dark young chap you scarcely know. His name is Victor Jory and he had a small part in "State Fair." He had a large part in "I Loved You Wednesday" with Elissa Landi and Warner Baxter and he may go right on and on.

Anyhow, Garbo asked for him and the executives are flying around like little mad things trying to get the arrangements made. And if and how when he can be allowed off the Fox lot to do the job, the trade press "Woman in Paris." It seems every one of Garbo's leading men become famous overnight.

Mynia Loy, who has worked steadily 44 out of the 52 weeks, came into Jesse Lasky's office and explained to him that she thought she should rather than play the role of "The Worst Woman in Paris." She said the choice now has narrowed down to Peggy Hopkins Joyce, Kay Francis, Miriam Hopkins and Carole Lombard, with La Jory well in the lead. Mary Astor is being considered for the second feminine lead and I go on record right here and now to say that this is a most satisfactory player who never fails to give an intelligent and satisfying performance.

There is a good deal of talk about

DAY BY DAY

In Georgia's History

One hundred and eighty-six years ago today work was begun on the lighthouse at Tybee Island.

On June 20, 1752, Georgia resigned her charter and the province was formed in to what kind of government?

For the two best 20-word original answers to the foregoing question, Loew's Grand theater, co-operating with The Constitution, will award two pairs of guest tickets to see "I Cover the Water Front" in the play must be mailed to the Day by Day Editor, Constitution, and must bear a postmark not later than midnight today.

"I Cover the Water Front" is a United Artist production, starring Claudette Colbert, Ben Lyon and Ernest Torrence. This picture starts at a week's run at the Grand Friday.

Army Orders

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Army orders: Colonel Alexander T. Overhille, infantry, to Fort Leonard Wood, Mo.; Major William C. Knott, medical corps, to San Francisco.

First Lieutenant Russell C. Spittler, medical corps, reserve, to Waco, Minn.; Captain James E. Smith, quartermaster corps, to Fort Snelling, Minn.; Captain James E. Smith, quartermaster corps, to Fort Snelling, Minn.; Captain James E. Smith, quartermaster corps, to Fort Snelling, Minn.

Second Lieutenant Ramon A. Nadal, infantry, to Fort Wainwright, Alaska; Major Victor Z. Brown, dental corps, to Fort Snelling, Minn.; Major Thomas J. Cassidy, dental corps, to Fort Snelling, Minn.

Major William H. Gelfert, dental corps, to Fort Snelling, Minn.; Major William C. Webb Jr., dental corps, to Fort Snelling, Minn.

First Lieutenant John K. Sittman, dental corps, to Fort Snelling, Minn.; Captain John F. Lucas, infantry, to Fort Snelling, Minn.

Major Samuel F. Brown, medical corps, to Fort Snelling, Minn.; Colonel Arthur H. Brown, cavalry, to Fort Snelling, Minn.

Alleged Bootlegger's Sentence Commuted

Solicitor John S. McClelland, of the criminal court of Atlanta, announced Friday that he had been informed that Governor Tamm had commuted the three-year chain gang term of John S. McClelland, a bootlegger, to \$300 in fines. The court of appeals recently upheld the conviction of McClelland, and the solicitor learned of the commutation when he sought to place McClelland in the chain gang. The commutation order read that the sentence was "commuted to a fine of \$300, but the solicitor revealed that McClelland had not served a day.



One Place Where the Current Heat Wave Isn't so Noticeable



Steel Workers Naming Agents To Deal With Firm Officials

By CARL C. CRANMER.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, June 16.—(AP)—Even as President Roosevelt was signing the national industrial recovery act today, the steel industry was moving in several sectors to give employees a greater voice in its management as a direct result of that act.

Approximately 7,500 employees of the Republic Steel Corporation in this and the Warren district today were nominating 18 representatives to act for them on a joint committee in all matters relating to wages, working conditions, welfare, sanitation, and general conditions affecting workers and the company.

Similar nominations were going forward in district plants of the company at Cleveland, Chicago, Canton, Massillon, and Buffalo, officials said. A similar employee representation plan was announced almost simultaneously by the Carnegie Steel Corporation in notices posted in its plants here and at Pittsburgh.

Delegates were impressed with the cool capability shown by both chambers, the American and the Dutch minister.

The monetary group divided up its work and here the plan of procedure put forward by Neville Chamberlain, British chancellor of the exchequer, prevailed.

Divisions of the money group included the first committee on temporary or immediate measures for financial reconstruction, which, from the American viewpoint, may become the key group since its work will embrace price-raising measures through co-ordination of credit policies and public works expenditures, as particularly urged by the Americans.

The second subject listed for this group was currency fluctuations and exchange control, indicating that a stabilization agreement as finally reached by the experts may be brought before it.

Its third subject is the problem of indebtedness and resumption of foreign lending, indicating that it may seek a way out for central European countries where various moratoria are in effect.

The second committee of the monetary group will consider the permanent international monetary standards and the Senator Key Pittman, member of the general military commission, is expected to find a place in this division.

A third committee, to deal with movements of capital and exchange problems relating thereto, is planned. The personnel of the chairmen of these various committees is yet to be determined.

The difficulties of keeping the many nations represented at the conference in a happy state of mind quickly became acute as various smaller nations lodged complaints that the arrangement of the monetary work was being dominated by the big powers.

The Belgians voiced strong disapproval, saying that the Belgian, foreign minister, as vice chairman of the monetary committee, was a mere title.

Expressing astonished regret at the statement by Secretary of the Treasury Woodin at Washington that no agreement had been reached to stabilize the dollar, the French delegation and those of other countries on the gold standard said that they did not intend to budge until the American government approved the project for fixing the value of its currency.

The American group stood pat on its informal denial that an agreement had been reached. Instructions from Washington were being awaited.

Senator Pittman, of Nevada, given Senator James Couzens, of Michigan, were placed on the monetary committee at today's organizing meeting of that body.

Ralph W. Morrison, of Texas, and Representative Sam D. McTenny, of Tennessee, were made members of the economic commission.

Secretary Hull, who does not expect to remain in London throughout the conference, is a member of the steering committee and did not wish a place on either of the two technical groups.

WASHINGTON AGAIN DENIES STABILIZATION ACHIEVED

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(AP)—In the face of reports from London that an agreement for the stabilization of American and British currencies was fairly complete, word came directly from the White House today that President Roosevelt had heard nothing in the way of such a suggestion.

On top of this, it was said at the executive offices that no final agreement could be made at the world economic conference, at least by the American delegates, until they had been approved by the chief executive, Secretary Woodin and Acting Secretary Phillips.

The treasury secretary last night issued a statement that no currency stabilization agreement had been reached and that such reports were premature.

GIRL ACCUSES GOLFER AS FATHER OF CHILD

GREENSBORO, N. C., June 16.—(AP)—Richard Howe Wilson, of Southern Pines, well-known amateur golfer, was named defendant in a \$100,000 breach of promise suit filed in federal court here today by Kathryn Connors, of Chicago.

In her complaint, Miss Connors alleged that Wilson is the father of her child.

She contends that they became engaged July 15 of last year, and that Wilson promised to marry her in September, but later wrote her a letter in which "he cruelly and oppressively refused to marry her."

AUTO MAGNATE'S SON AND WIFE DIVORCED

DETROIT, June 16.—(AP)—A divorce was granted in circuit court today to Marie O'Connor Dodge, of Grosse Pointe, Mich., from John D. Dodge, 30-year-old son of the late John F. Dodge, motor car magnate. Mrs. Dodge charged desertion.

In a property settlement arranged in the court, Mrs. Dodge received \$300,000, while a trust fund of \$108,000 will be set up for her daughter, Mary Ann, 9.

The Dodges were married in 1918.

Steel Workers Naming Agents To Deal With Firm Officials

Both the Carnegie and Republic plans are patterned after a system that has been in effect in the Bethlehem Steel Corporation and in the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company mills since 1918. The plan has been uniformly successful, Youngstown officials have said, in adjusting hundreds of complaints between employer and employee.

The Republic plan calls for election of one representative for each 200 employees and major fraction thereof in each separate department. Eighteen employee-selected representatives together with 18 selected by the company will constitute the joint committee designed to handle complaints and make adjustments.

T. M. Girdler, president of the company, who was in the east today in connection with plans to put the national recovery act in effect in the steel industry, announced the plan in notices posted in the plants.

WALLACE TO LEVY \$30 WHEAT TAX TO CUT ACREAGE

Continued From First Page.

stocks, Wallace estimated, the total carryover approximating 360,000,000 bushels.

He feels that broader foreign markets for American wheat are as essential to permanent relief for the grain industry as crop control. To help carry out this intention, he included in the wheat program, provision for co-operation with the nations in facilitating export movements within the limits of possible international agreement now under discussion at the economic conference.

It was thought this provision had reference to proposals that each wheat exporting nation be assigned export quotas designed to prohibit dumping and encourage regular production.

Wallace said the "three-year plan" would end in 1935 unless conditions warranted a continuance, in which case a new program would be substituted.

Summarizing the plan, Wallace said it included three integral provisions: "1—Contracts to be offered farmers for an acreage reduction on 1934 and 1935 wheat crops up to a 20 per cent maximum of their average for the past three years.

"2—Co-operation by the agricultural adjustment administration with existing agencies to facilitate export movement of wheat as provided by the act, within the limits of international agreements.

"3—Possible removal from the market of a portion of the supply of certain types of wheat produced in excess of requirements of this year."

The farm relief administration was expected to make its cotton price public tomorrow. This was believed to include provision for substantial reduction in present acreage, calling for abandonment or replacement of land now in cultivation.

"PRETTY BOY," AID KIDNAPS SHERIFF

Continued From First Page.

tank of Joe Ricchetti's automobile and forced the sheriff into the car. Poses followed them to a point near Warsaw, Mo., and the car in which they escaped later was found abandoned near Deepwater, Mo. There was no trace of the sheriff. Officers presumed they had stolen another automobile, possibly kidnapping the driver.

Floyd and Adam Ricchetti encountered officers near Seminole, Okla., about two weeks ago, but they escaped later and were found in Missouri and Ohio for his capture, dead or alive.

Adam Ricchetti has visited his brother, Joe, a respected citizen of Bolivar, several times and was known by sight to persons in the garage when he arrived for repairs. Floyd was identified by several persons present, among them E. V. Bitter, who said he recognized the outlaw immediately from newspaper pictures.

Bitter said Floyd chatted pleasantly as he apologized for holding up the men in the garage.

WORKERS AGAIN STRIKE IN TENNESSEE FIRM

BRISTOL, Tenn.-Va., June 18.—(AP)—Approximately 750 of the 1,000 employees of the Big Jack Overail Company, who returned to work Tuesday after being on strike for

more than three weeks, struck again today.

They claimed that five workers were "laid off" in alleged violation of an agreement whereby the company would show no discrimination against any worker who took part in the first strike.

Carroll Kidd, president of the company, denied the "discrimination" charges of the workers. "The men laid

off, he said, were not regular employees but "extras" called from time to time. He said their dismissal was only a temporary move and they would have been recalled in time.

**200 EMPLOYEES STRIKE
IN ALABAMA COMPANY**
ANNISTON, Ala., June 16.—(P)

More than 200 employees of the Lengel-Fencil Cotton mill were on strike today, the third group of textile workers to walk out in the Anniston district in recent weeks.

W. L. Lengel, president, said the workers walked out last night in protest against the discharge of a union organizer and a plant employee who

had been dismissed because of an infraction of company rules.

**CHIQUELA MILLS WORKERS
STRIKE IN HONEA PATH, S. C.**
HONEA PATH, S. C., June 16.—(AP)—The Chiquola Mills, local textile plant, was closed today, the approximately 500 employees having walked

● Stop!

**Any gift will
please Dad . . .
but he deserves
something from**

something from
MUSE'S!

FREE JINKY RECIPE

RECEIPT

To Every Person
Visiting

JINKY
Headquarters
137 Beachview Arcade

EATEST



Capelet

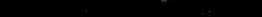


Collars!

**Puff
Sleeves!**

Coat

Frocks!
Newest
Colors!



National Banking Stars Meet Here

BOVITT, POTTS, SUTTER, WHALEN AMONG ENTRIES

Strong Field Ready for Meet at Biltmore Ten Club.

By Roy White.

Five ranking national and southern junior and boy tennis stars will play here next week in the southern tennis championship tournament, at the Biltmore Tennis Club courts, at Fourth and Peachtree streets.

George Boynton, Atlanta boy and No. 1 national doubles star and a member of the championship Princeton team; Ramsey Potts, Memphis, Tenn., No. 2 national junior; Joe Whalen, Miami, No. 6 national junior; Winship Nunnally, Atlanta, No. 3 southern junior; and Ernest M. Sutter, New Orleans, No. 2 southern junior and a younger brother of Clifford Sutter, head of the young stars seeking the 1933 southern junior and boys' crowns.

INTEREST HIGH.

It is the first time that Atlanta has been host to the tournament in 10 years and with increased interest in tennis here, the meet promises to be one of the best in recent years.

Officials of the Biltmore Tennis Club stated Friday night that entries for more than 60 youngsters already have been received and at least that many more will be included before Monday morning.

Atlanta will have more than 20 of its best players entered and should furnish plenty of competition for the visiting delegation.

Among the outstanding city stars in addition to Boynton and Nunnally are: Remus Harris, Julian Carr and Albert Jones.

OTHER STARS.

Other outstanding visiting stars will include George Wilcox and Billy Begg, Macon; Edward Southard, Athens; William Thorpe, Edward Strong, Paul Troutman, A. R. Lebo Jr., Joe Grier, Charlotte, N. C.; Rex Gordon, Anniston, Ala., and Billy Simpson, Memphis.

Pairings for the tournament will be drawn around 9 o'clock Monday morning at the tennis club and play will start in both the junior and boys' singles at 10 o'clock.

Play will continue all afternoon in the singles, with the doubles start set Tuesday or Wednesday afternoon.

Bob Jackson has been appointed the referee and will be in charge of the tournament.

MALLOY MEETS TACKLE ARTIST

Kid Lott, the Slagtown Express, will meet Tom Malloy, former University of Florida football player, in the semi-final of the Harbin-Seigm wrestling card at Lakewood Monday night. Lott, a big 200-pounder, specializes in the flying tackle and has used this particular method in disposing of many of the "big shots."

Malloy has been wrestling around here for some time, and is well known to the fans. He always gives the fans what they want and this match will be no exception. Malloy has a large following and will not fail them.

The Monday night card at Lakewood and one of the largest crowds ever to attend a mat card is expected for this show.

Rollings Returns To Game Today

Red Rollings, popular third baseman of the Atlanta Crackers, will return to his team's lineup today in the third game of the series with Memphis.

Rollings did not appear at third yesterday against the Chiefs, but went in as a pinch hitter in the ninth and got a single off Kelly. He went 1 for 2 but once in Thursday's game which the Crackers won, 6 to 4, and started a rally with a single. Manager Moore said last night he planned to use Red at third today. Scheer has been filling in for him.

Kleinhaus, the Cracker ace, is scheduled to pitch against Griffin, the game starting at 2:30 p. m. Joe Engel will be here to scout the Atlanta southpaw.

Treadaway Joins Little Rock Club

CHATTANOOGA, June 16.—(AP)—Ray Treadaway, former Chattanooga and Kansas City third baseman, said tonight that he had come to terms with Little Rock and will join that club at Knoxville tomorrow.

POSTPONED.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 16.—(AP)—Tonight's scheduled 16-round bout between Johnny Risko and Paty Peroni for the heavy weight championship of Ohio was postponed again because of rain until next Tuesday night. It was slated originally for last night, but was scheduled for tonight because of threatening weather.

FRANCHISE RETURNED.

WACO, Texas, June 16.—(AP)—C. R. Turner, president of the Waco Dixie league baseball club, announced yesterday that he would turn the franchise back to the league Friday.

He said he had averaged a loss of \$100 a day. As a farwell gesture, there will be a free game at tomorrow night's game.

Stop!

This is your last day to get that MUSE gift for Dad!

BASEBALL Summary

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

THE STANDINGS.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.
Memphis	40	25	.615	Columbia	30	32	.484
St. Louis	38	28	.574	Atlanta	28	35	.443
Birmingham	30	38	.441	Little Rock	23	41	.359
Nashville	27	39	.407	Mobile	21	45	.315

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Memphis 4, Chattanooga 7.
Little Rock 8, Knoxville 4.
Birmingham 4, Chattanooga 7.
New Orleans 2, Nashville 7.
St. Louis 3, Knoxville 4.
Mobile 2, Little Rock 2.

TODAY'S GAMES.

Memphis at Chattanooga.
New Orleans at Nashville.
Birmingham at Chattanooga.
Little Rock at Knoxville.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

THE STANDINGS.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	32	20	.615	Cleveland	29	26	.524
Washington	32	23	.583	Boston	28	28	.500
Chicago	25	33	.431	Pittsburgh	23	31	.429
Philadelphia	22	33	.398	St. Louis	20	36	.357

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Philadelphia at Boston (2).
Washington at St. Louis.
New York at New York.
Detroit at Cleveland.

TODAY'S GAMES.

Philadelphia at Boston (2).
Washington at St. Louis.
New York at New York.
Detroit at Cleveland.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

THE STANDINGS.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	32	20	.615	Cleveland	29	26	.524
Washington	32	23	.583	Boston	28	28	.500
Chicago	25	33	.431	Pittsburgh	23	31	.429
Philadelphia	22	33	.398	St. Louis	20	36	.357

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Philadelphia at Boston (2).
Washington at St. Louis.
New York at New York.
Detroit at Cleveland.

TODAY'S GAMES.

Philadelphia at Boston (2).
Washington at St. Louis.
New York at New York.
Detroit at Cleveland.

GEORGIA STATE LEAGUE.

THE STANDINGS.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	15	8	.652	Waynesville	11	13	.455
Waynesville	11	13	.455	Waynesville	11	13	.455
Waynesville	11	13	.455	Waynesville	11	13	.455
Waynesville	11	13	.455	Waynesville	11	13	.455

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Waynesville 4, Barrowville 2.
Columbus 3, Albany 2.
Americus 4, Milledgeville 2.

TODAY'S GAMES.

Americus at Barrowville.
Milledgeville at Macon.
Albany at Barrowville.

ASSOCIATION.

THE STANDINGS.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	37	19	.661	Waynesville	28	29	.491
Waynesville	28	29	.491	Waynesville	28	29	.491
Waynesville	28	29	.491	Waynesville	28	29	.491
Waynesville	28	29	.491	Waynesville	28	29	.491

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Columbus 4, Waynesville 2.
Waynesville 3, Albany 2.
Waynesville 3, Albany 2.

TODAY'S GAMES.

Waynesville at Columbus.
Waynesville at Columbus.
Waynesville at Columbus.

INTERNATIONAL.

THE STANDINGS.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	38	24	.611	Waynesville	28	29	.491
Waynesville	28	29	.491	Waynesville	28	29	.491
Waynesville	28	29	.491	Waynesville	28	29	.491
Waynesville	28	29	.491	Waynesville	28	29	.491

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Waynesville 3, Albany 2.
Waynesville 3, Albany 2.
Waynesville 3, Albany 2.

TODAY'S GAMES.

Waynesville at Columbus.
Waynesville at Columbus.
Waynesville at Columbus.

Piedmont League.

THE STANDINGS.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	28	20	.583	Waynesville	28	29	.491
Waynesville	28	29	.491	Waynesville	28	29	.491
Waynesville	28	29	.491	Waynesville	28	29	.491
Waynesville	28	29	.491	Waynesville	28	29	.491

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Waynesville 3, Albany 2.
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TODAY'S GAMES.

Waynesville at Columbus.
Waynesville at Columbus.
Waynesville at Columbus.

Fox Hunter Wins Ascot Cup Race

ASCOT, Eng., June 16.—(UP)—Carrying 128 pounds, Edward E. Fox, a 3-year-old colt, won the Ascot gold cup with Sir Alfred Butts' Orphen, 130, second, and D. S. Kennedy's Nitschke, 127, third. Ten started.

The King George, Queen Mary, the Duke of Gloucester and Prince George attended the race.

The winner paid 25 to 1. Orphen paid 7 to 2. Nitschke, 15 to 2. Fox Hunter finished a length ahead of Orphen, who led Nitschke by five lengths. The favorite, Lord Woolton's Bismarck, finished out of the money.

Simons Knocks Out Bill Pope in Second

Hollis Simons stopped Billy Pope in the second round of their bout in the weekly matinee at the Lakewood Park arena last night. Simons had Pope in a bad way in the second round and Max Morris, referee, stopped the bout.

A fairly large crowd turned out for the fights which gave the fans plenty of action. There were several knockouts in the other fights.

State League

GOOD PITCHING.

MACON, Ga., June 16.—Good relief pitching by Cannonball Baker and Jake Strommberger in the eighth and ninth innings today after Roy Gill had weakened Stomms' lead in the seventh.

Stomms' new acquisition, Edward the Smith, 4-0.

Barnesville completed four double plays. The Peaches slipped out 12 hits off Ed Campbell's delivery.

Earlier in the day D. J. Holland, president of the league, and Walter Hunter, manager, assumed the duties of the club, succeeding Paul Barnes.

Macon 200 200 000-4-12-2.
Capehart and Green, Gill, Baker, Strommberger 4-0.

SEVEN IN ROW.

COLUMBUS, Ga., June 16.—Columbus won its seventh consecutive victory in the Georgia State League today by grouping hits in the sixth inning to score a run and turn back Albany, 3-2.

Albany 000-000-000-2-3-1.
Columbus 000-000-000-10-4-12-3.
Rhodes (pitched) Moorehead; Haden and McKinney.

AMERICAN WINS.

AMERICUS, Ga., June 16.—Americus defeated Milledgeville, 4-2 today, to go into third place in the Georgia State League.

Manager Shepherd, of Americus, led in hitting with three singles in five trips to the plate.

Milledgeville 010-100-000-2-5-0.
Americus 000-000-000-10-4-12-3.
Rhodes (pitched) Moorehead; Haden and McKinney.

MIAMI FIGHT.

MIAMI, Fla., June 16.—(AP)—Bucky Burton, of Clinton, Ind., claimant of the mythical southern featherweight championship, and Baby Joe Guzman, of Tampa, were scheduled for a 10-round fight here next Monday night. Burton won a judges' decision over Guzman here recently.

HARD HITTER.

Gerald Walker, of the Tigers, is one of the hardest hitters in the big leagues—say the pitchers. It's because Walker may unexpectedly take a whack at a bad ball and knock it right out of sight!

North Atlanta Meets Rock Springs in Feature Game.

North Atlanta Baptist and Rock Springs Presbyterian clubs at Piedmont park will feature the Piedmont league schedule Saturday afternoon as the former can clinch first-half honors. This game should be a battle of pitchers with "Lefty" Cole leading for the Baptist boys and "Lefty" Rucker doing the chores for the Rockers.

In the Dixie league, with the exception of Chambliss, all clubs are still in the race for top honor, with Kirkwood Baptist leading the field by one game. They will meet the hardest of competition in Saturday's series, as the schedule sends them to the home lot of Calvary Methodist at Moxley park. Pattillo Memorial and Grace Methodist clash at Kirkwood in another good game in this league.

Ouseley Chapel meets the Sewanee league leaders, Hills Park Baptist, in a twin bill at the WSB diamond. The first of these games will start at 2 o'clock.

The schedule follows:

GEORGIA LEAGUE.

Porterfield vs. Gate City Methodist at Gate City, Empire, Wayne.
Gleaner Class vs. Red Oak Baptist at Red Oak, Empire, Waters.
Underwood Methodist vs. Epworth Methodist at Grand Park No. 2, Empire, Morgan.

PIEDMONT LEAGUE.

North Atlanta Baptist vs. Rock Springs at Piedmont Park, Empire, Wayne.
Alpha Class vs. Woodlawn at Moxley park, Empire, Allgood.
Virginia Avenue Baptist vs. Inman Yards, Empire, Wells.

DIXIE LEAGUE.

Kirkwood Baptist vs. Calvary Methodist at Moxley park, Empire, Harris.
Pattillo Memorial vs. Grace Methodist at Kirkwood, Empire, Harris.
Northwest Atlanta vs. Chambliss at Steel Plant, Empire, Walton.

SEWANE LEAGUE.

Hills Park vs. Ouseley Chapel at W. S. B. 2, Empire, Morgan.
Pattillo No. 2 vs. Antioch Baptist at Chambliss, Empire, Harris.
East End Methodist vs. Carmel at Lithonia, Empire, Nichols.

FLINT RIVER LEAGUE.

Rex plays at Palmist Saturday, and it should be the outstanding game of the round in the Flint River league. Rex, once to Fayetteville and this should furnish an exciting battle.

SCOTT LEAGUE.

The outcome of only one game in the Scott league seems to be in doubt. Standard Oil plays A. P. and past records show the hope to favor the Rockers. The game will be a tough one.

TRAVELERS & SMOKEYS.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., June 16.—Behind a five-hit performance by Willoughby, the Little Rock Travelers combined hits today to defeat Knoxville, 8 to 6, in their series.

CHATTANOOGA.

The Chattanooga Crackers won their second game of the series today, defeating the Little Rock Travelers, 8 to 6, in a close contest.

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Billy Reese Plays Halverstad Today

Finals in City Net Meet at 2:30 O'Clock on Tech Courts.

Jimmy Halverstad, a new challenger for the city championship singles crown which has reposed for two years past upon the curly thatch of Billy Reese, arose from the swirl of battle in the semi-finals at the Georgia Tech courts Friday and this afternoon at 2:30 will put the magic of his racket to the final test against the defending champion.

Reese will be facing a challenger who can match his youth, speed of stroke and confidence. While the odds are naturally in Billy's favor, the issue of the best three-out-of-five singles match is very much in doubt.

Other features today will be the finals in men's doubles (Grant and Gault vs. Simpson and Mooney) at 4 o'clock, best three sets in five, and the finals of women's singles (Mrs. Etta Taylor Coyne vs. Miss Kate Jackson) at 5 o'clock. This match will be at the best two sets in three.

Halverstad's triumph over Simpson Friday was gained at 6-3, 5-7, 6-3, 6-2, while Reese was never in danger in eliminating Malou Courts, his doubles partner, 6-3, 7-5, 6-4.

Of the two, the Halverstad-Simpson match was productive of splendid tennis. They were well matched in all respects, each possessing: fast forehand and backhand drives, a crisp net game, good overheads and powerful serves.

SIMPSON LEADS.

Simpson jumped into a 3-1 lead in the opening set, breaking Halverstad service in the third game by a neat backhand passing shot, followed by Jimmy's net of an attempted drop shot. The advantage was short-lived, however, Halverstad bracing to run out five straight games. There were many furious exchanges, but Jimmy's work at the net proved the deciding factor.

No whit discouraged, Jack raced into a 5-2 lead in the second set, making up his mind to force the issue by alternate forehand drives to alternate corners with clever drop shots which caught Halverstad off guard, and reached set point in the long-drawn-out eighth game, only to be turned back when Jimmy forced three errors in a row from his opponent's racket. Running Halverstad from side to side, Simpson reached another set point at 40-15 on his own service in the ninth game, but Jimmy saved himself again, a marvelous backhand half-volley recovery coming to his rescue.

The match continued close at 3-1 in the fourth set, and here Simpson, for the second time in the match, seemed upset and began to wilt. Halverstad seized his advantage and took the set 6-3.

Reese, Warren, C. G. Grier, president of the Rochester club, was quoted as saying in a statement printed in local newspapers.

Southern League

TRAVELERS & SMOKEYS.

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STOP-- LOOK-- READ

185 Atlantans Will Win Prizes This Week—Will Your Name Be Among Them?

Special Prizes for This Week

Volunteer Food Stores will give a cash prize of \$2.00 to the 21 Volunteer Superline Peaches for the best design cut on a Jinky obtained at a Volunteer Jinky.

Georgia Theater will give FOUR prizes each week (1 month's pass each) for the best design cut on a Jinky obtained at that theater.

Paramount Theater will give FOUR prizes each week (1 month's pass each) for the best design cut on a Jinky obtained there.

Rogers will give a \$5 Merchandise Order for the best design cut on a Rogers Jinky.

King Hardware Co. will give One Set of Aluminum Sauce Pans for the best design cut on a Jinky obtained at any King Hardware Store.

Rialto Theater will give a two months' pass each week for the best design cut on a Jinky obtained at that theater.

AAP will give a \$5 Merchandise Order for the best design cut on a Jinky from any AAP Store.

Lane Drug Stores will give a \$2.50 merchandise prize for the best design cut on a Jinky obtained at any Lane Drug Store.

Fox Theater will give two prizes each week (two months' pass each) for the best design cut on a Jinky obtained there.

Stone Baking Co. will give a 7-pound Auto-Rolled Cake with winner's name used for the best design cut on a Jinky obtained at that store.

Regular Weekly Prizes

First Prize Each Week—\$15 Cash

Second Prize Each Week—\$10 Cash

Third Prize Each Week—\$5 Cash

Next Five Prizes Each Week—\$2 Cash

Next Ten Prizes Each Week—\$1 Cash

Next Fifty Prizes Each Week—One Ticket to Fox Theater

Next One Hundred Prizes Each Week—One Ticket to Rialto Theater

Sweepstake Prizes for Entire 13 Weeks

Sweepstake Prizes will be awarded to contestants for Jinky entered during the entire 13 weeks period.

FIRST PRIZE—\$150 Diamond Ring

SECOND PRIZE—\$55 Lady's Wrist Watch, which will be awarded for the best Jinky entered by a woman.

THIRD PRIZE—\$55 Man's Wrist Watch, which will be awarded for the best Jinky entered by a man.

FOURTH PRIZE—\$25 Bicycle will be awarded for the best Jinky entered in the contest by a boy under 12 years.

FIFTH PRIZE—\$25 Bicycle will be awarded for the best Jinky entered in the contest by a girl under 12 years.

SIXTH PRIZE—\$25 Merchandise Order for best Jinky entered by a city policeman.

SEVENTH PRIZE—\$25 Merchandise Order for best Jinky entered by a city fireman.

EIGHTH PRIZE—\$25 Merchandise Order for best Jinky entered by a city school teacher.

NINTH PRIZE—Pup Tent and Army Cot for the best Jinky entered by a Boy Scout.

TENTH PRIZE—Pup Tent and Army Cot for best Jinky entered by a Girl Scout.

ELEVENTH PRIZE—Pup Tent and Army Cot for the best Jinky entered by a Camp Fire Girl.

TWELFTH PRIZE—One Six-Month Pass to the Georgia Theater cut on a Georgia Jinky.

THIRTEENTH PRIZE—One Six-Month Pass to the Rialto Theater cut on a Rialto Jinky.

FOURTEENTH PRIZE—One Six-Month Pass to the Fox Theater cut on a Fox Jinky.

FIFTEENTH PRIZE—One Six-Month Pass to the Paramount Theater cut on a Paramount Jinky.

Special Added Prizes—Two free trips to World's Fair to the person entering the most Jinkys during the contest.

JINKY HEADQUARTERS
137 Peachtree Arcade
Phone WALnut 6565

ARSON PLOT CHARGED BARTOW COUNTY MEN

Wife Says Husband Hired Man To Set Fire to Their Residence.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., June 16.—Wayne Brookshire is held here on a charge of burning the residence of Charlie Dowda near Kingston. Dowda's wife says, it is reported, her husband hired Brookshire to do the job, paying him a suite of furniture taken from the home before it was destroyed.

Brookshire was bound over under bond of \$5,000. Mr. and Mrs. Dowda under bonds of \$500 each and Gus Backler under a \$500 bond.

Judge C. C. Pittman held the commitment hearing at the courthouse here. Hal Hutchins, state fire marshal, assisted by Charles M. Huggins and Deputy Sheriff W. H. Powell, worked for three weeks gathering evidence, some of which came out in the hearing here.

Dowda is accused of hiring Brookshire to burn the house in order to collect an insurance policy of \$2,100, according to his wife, who testified at the hearing.

350 CARS OF PEACHES SHIPPED FROM STATE

MACON, Ga., June 16.—(AP)—The federal-state market service today reported 350 cars of Georgia peaches had moved to market this month, 77 of them being shipped yesterday.

This compares with a total of 378 cars for the entire country. The other shipments were divided as follows: Arkansas 4, California 4, North Carolina 15 and Mississippi 15.

The market in the principal centers was reported steady to slightly weaker today with Unadorns selling in New York mostly at \$2.50 a crate.

DEKALB MAIL CARRIER FOUND DEAD IN AUTO

STONE MOUNTAIN, Ga., June 16.—Apparently preparing to make his daily rounds with the mail, Charles D. Haynie, 64, of Stone Mountain, died Friday morning. He was found slumped down in the front seat of his automobile parked behind the postoffice.

Mr. Haynie has lived in DeKalb county all his life and for the past 16 years has been a local mail carrier. Surviving are four daughters, Mrs. Carl Walden, Beattie, Charlie, and Francis Haynie, all of Stone Mountain; a sister, Mrs. Ansley Moore, of McDonough; and three brothers, Jeffie, William H., and John Haynie, all of Stone Mountain.

BROOKS OFFICIAL HURT AS CAR GOES IN DITCH

QUITMAN, Ga., June 16.—Dr. O. L. Von Canan, health commissioner of Brooks county, was injured Friday morning at 3 o'clock when the Quitman Valdosta highway when his car left the road ten miles east of Quitman and went into a ditch.

He was driving alone and says the wreck was caused by his effort to avoid striking a cow on the highway. His car was badly damaged.

Dr. Von Canan, with a broken right arm and severe bruises, walked nearly all the way home to his residence in an effort to reach medical aid. Dr. Leighton Smith, of Quitman, carried the injured man to a hospital in Valdosta.

CARTERSVILLE B. & L. SHOWS \$4,213 PROFIT

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., June 16.—Net profits for the year of \$4,213.70, a surplus amount of \$43,976.95, and total resources of \$636,224.84 were reported at the annual meeting of stockholders of the Cartersville Building and Loan Association.

The stockholders elected the following directors: John P. Adair, Ben C. Gilbreath, H. C. Nelson, B. L. Vaughan, W. C. Walton, F. W. Smith and Madison Milam. The directors then chose the following officers for the year: John P. Adair, president; Ben C. Gilbreath, vice president; T. W. Simpson, secretary-treasurer, and Finley & Henson, attorneys.

200 ATTEND MERCER FOR SUMMER SCHOOL

MACON, Ga., June 16.—The annual session of Mercer University summer school opened Monday with an attendance of over 200 students, it was announced by Dean Peyton Jacob, director of the summer school.

Many prominent Georgia educators are present for the summer, some working on master's degrees and others preparing themselves for work on the doctor's degree.

IF MILK is not Fresh

—its rich, nutritive value is seriously impaired. It is very much the same with Aspirin.

St. Joseph Aspirin is always fresh and fully effective because it's wrapped in moisture-proof cellophane.

World's Largest Seller at 10¢

ASK FOR IT BY NAME

St. Joseph

GENUINE

PURE ASPIRIN

A Valuable Addition To Your Library

In compliance with popular demand, another batch of "OUR PRESIDENTS AT A GLANCE"

has been printed. This book, printed on fine paper, 9x12 inches, contains a picture and concise biography of each of the United States presidents, including Franklin D. Roosevelt.

It is valuable as a text book or as a reference work, but even more valuable as thrilling, entertaining, reading matter. It should be in every home.

Mail 50 cents, or bring 45 cents for your copy to the circulation department of The Constitution.

Good Tobacco Crop in Prospect For South Georgia, Say Reports

A tobacco crop of good quality leaf, with a yield considerably larger than last year, was indicated Friday in reports to the state bureau of markets.

Max L. McRae, director of the bureau, said available reports said the yield would be reduced appreciably from early season prospects because of the prolonged dry weather, but that even so the yield was expected to be much larger than the extremely low crop of 1932.

"Reports from a number of points in the tobacco belt have been received and while some of them have had rains recently, to improve the outlook, the crop in most sections likely will be lower than was indicated in the spring," he said.

"Apparently, however, it will be a crop of good quality and this, together with the inflation program and the larger size should bring in much more money than was paid for the short crop of last year, when net price of Georgia leaf was less than 12,000,000 pounds.

"Of course, last year's crop was extremely short, partly due to a shortage of plants and partly to a bad growing season, as Georgia produced and sold on the markets more than 58,000,000 pounds of tobacco in 1931.

"We do not have any reports on the acreage, but the consensus is that it will be larger, and that the yield will be larger than in 1932.

"I have noticed quite a few abandoned tobacco barns, however, but there is no way of telling just what the acreage will be.

"The reports to this office indicate that in some sections the yield will be from 15 to 20 per cent lower than early season prospects, because of dry weather.

Some of the reports were announced as follows:

Valdosta Section—Tobacco yield cut 20 per cent by dry weather; quality prospect good; market probably open between July 25 and August 1.

Moultrie Section—Tobacco damaged some by dry weather; market opening not yet determined. Expecting big crop in this county.

Blackshear Section—Until Tuesday, weather was very dry and crops sagging, but rain Tuesday afternoon did rain Tuesday afternoon and night improved tobacco crop very much. General opinion is that market will open in south Georgia about August 1.

Adel Section—Tonnage cut 20 per cent by dry weather and reduction in fertilizer. Quality above average. Dry weather delayed gathering. Market opens about August 1.

Hazlehurst Section—Crop fair, dry damage 15 per cent. Market probably open July 25.

Georgia News Told in Brief

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 16.—(AP)—Arrived: Coldwater, Charleston; Maltram, Norfolk; Upshur, Jacksonville; Roanoke, Philadelphia.

Sailed: City of Birmingham, Boston via New York; John N. Brown, Upshur; Philadelphia; Roanoke, Jacksonville; City of Birmingham, Boston via New York.

To Live in Cartersville. CARTERSVILLE, Ga., June 16.—Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Wood, of Atlanta, arrived Tuesday to make their home in Cartersville. Mr. Wood is connected with the Cartersville Mills as cost accountant. Mr. Morris is a native of Augusta, while Mrs. Morris is a daughter of Editor and Mrs. J. P. Williams, of Greensboro, and sister of Cranston Williams, secretary-manager of the Southern News Publishers' Association, of Chattanooga, and Carey Williams, columnist and general manager of the Greensboro Herald-Journal.

Dean Wood Better. HAYESVILLE, N. C., June 16.—(AP)—Professor J. F. Wood, dean of the South Georgia State Normal College, at Valdosta, seriously ill at his mountain home near here, was apparently "much better" today, Mrs. Wood said.

ROAD DEBT PLEDGES RETURN REQUESTED

COLUMBUS, Ga., June 16.—(AP)—The state highway department has requested Muscogee county commissioners to return certificates of indebtedness amounting to \$827,817.07 in order that new certificates can be issued.

The county holds the certificates for work done by the county, subject to reimbursement by the highway department. Under recent legislation the highway department will reimburse the various counties at the rate of 10 per cent per year beginning in 1936.

A movement has been started to have the state highway department issue certificates to cover cost of paving the Buena Vista road in Muscogee county, recently taken over by the department as part of the state road system.

DETROIT POLICE QUELL "RIOT" IN GIRLS' HOME

DETROIT, June 16.—(AP)—Police were called today to quell a disturbance involving 35 girl inmates at the juvenile detention home, 20 of whom, they said, were attempting to take away the keys of matrons, who were being defended by another group.

LABOR LEADER INDICTED ON SEDITION CHARGE

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 16.—(AP)—Boris Israel, 23-year-old labor leader, was indicted by the Shelby county grand jury today on charges of inciting to riot and sedition.

Police accused Israel, a native of McKeesport, Pa., of distributing circulars they blamed for a strike among R. F. C. highway workers earlier in the week.

The former Ohio State student has been in jail since his arrest in default of \$1,000 cash bond.

Meanwhile the state highway department announced at Nashville today that the former wage of \$1.25 a day for the workers would be restored immediately. The wage was cut to \$1 recently.

FLORIDA WETS MEET JULY 1 AT OCALA

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., June 16.—(AP)—Repeal candidates for the Florida prohibition convention will be named July 1 at a meeting to be held in Ocala.

The Ocala gathering is being arranged by Mrs. R. C. Camp, of that city, president of the state women's repeal organization.

Florida dries have announced plans for a general meeting in Orlando June 22 to outline the fight to keep the eighteenth amendment in the federal constitution.

Three sons, Edgar, Ralph and Sherwood, three sisters, Mrs. E. P. Shull, Mrs. Wallace Amazon, and Mrs. Lillian Bush, and four brothers, Corry, Sherb, Edward and William Maxwell, survive.

MRS. ROBERT W. VAN HOUTEN. GAINESVILLE, Fla., June 15.—Funeral services for Mrs. Robert W. Van Houten, 55, of West Palm Beach, who died here this morning at the University of Florida infirmary, will be held Sunday afternoon in Macdon, Ga.

Mrs. Van Houten, who was principal of the Commission Reads Junior High School and a teacher in the institution since it was first organized, was the summer school of the university.

She was born in Ocala, Ga., July 22, 1877, and was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Ware, of Columbus. Her mother survives.

State Deaths And Funerals

F. D. REESE. MACON, Ga., June 16.—F. D. Reese, 54, a former conductor for the Southern railway and an employee of that railroad for 30 years, died here today after an extended illness. Funeral services will be held tomorrow.

BEN W. MAXWELL. WASHINGTON, Ga., June 16.—Funeral services for Ben W. Maxwell, 64, a businessman and of Oglethorpe county, were conducted Friday morning at Lexington and interment was in Clark cemetery. After an operation, and apparent recovery, Mr. Maxwell died Wednesday afternoon at a sinking spell.

Three sons, Edgar, Ralph and Sherwood, three sisters, Mrs. E. P. Shull, Mrs. Wallace Amazon, and Mrs. Lillian Bush, and four brothers, Corry, Sherb, Edward and William Maxwell, survive.

\$1,200,000 EXPENDED ON FORESTRY IN AREA

Sum Used by Government on Reforestation Plan Up to May 31.

FORT BENNING, Ga., June 16.—(AP)—War department data available here show that on May 31 the sum of \$1,200,000 had been expended for reforestation work in the fourth army corps area.

Total number of men in camp numbered 8,533 on Tuesday of this week, and that company is expected to have completed its training work in the woods and leave on or about July 1.

The men now in camp will be sent to the camps in Georgia, Alabama and Florida, states from which the military have been drawn. Georgia will have 40 camps available, three of them on the Fort Benning reservation, Florida will have 23, and Alabama 17.

The quota for recruiting in the three states is: Georgia 6,000; Alabama 5,500, and Florida 5,000.

Aside from the necessities of camp life the money already expended has included materials with which the stay in the camp is made more pleasant.

Up to date \$1,562 has been spent for magazines, periodicals, newspapers, etc., to be distributed to the 68 companies already established.

The sum of \$22,500 has been received for the purchase of athletic equipment, and \$3,740 has been received by the war department for purchase of radio sets.

BATTING AVERAGE FOR ROOSEVELT BETTER THAN 999

WASHINGTON, June 16.—(AP)—President Roosevelt had a batting average of better than .999 per cent in getting the delegates to Congress during the special session of Congress.

He submitted 1,256 nominations and got all confirmed but one. "Two withdrew, but the statisticians did not count them as 'times at bat' for the chief executive.

The list included 272 civilian nominations, chiefly diplomats, judges, district attorneys, marshals and key positions in the executive departments at Washington.

In addition the president submitted 519 army, 431 navy and 34 marine corps nominations, chiefly routine. He did not appoint a single permanent postmaster, although thousands of these posts are ready to be filled.

The one nomination that spoiled a perfect batting record for Mr. Roosevelt was that of George F. Alexander, of Oregon, to be district judge, Division No. 1, Alaska. His name was not reported out of a senate committee.

Following Beale's letter there were reports of a near break between the two North Carolina senators, but neither would comment.

Avery today issued a statement saying his employer had gone out of the city, "and in his absence I feel compelled to make a brief reply to the accusations of Mr. Morris Beale.

"Senator Reynolds did not read the Beale article and he did not write the introduction which paid handsome tribute to Mr. Beale," Avery said. He added that the speech was inserted in the Record through a misunderstanding between the senator and himself.

Reynolds withdrew the speech with public apology, saying he had not read it and did not know its contents. The speech was challenged, however, by Morris A. Beale, author of the speech, who in a letter to Reynolds yesterday said the letter had read and discussed it.

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First Electrocutation Sentence in Chatham

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 16.—For the first time in many years a defendant in superior court here has been sentenced to death. John Smith, negro, was convicted of killing Ephraim Smith and the jury decreed that he should die. The negroes were not related. The defendant pleaded self-defense.

He is to die July 28, according to the verdict. He will be the first man from Chatham county electrocuted if the sentence is carried out.

M. E. YOUTH ASSEMBLY AT OXFORD ON SUNDAY

OXFORD, Ga., June 16.—The Young Adult Assembly for the North Georgia conference, now in session here, continues through Sunday. The Young People's Assembly will meet from June 18 to 23. Miss Ina Brown, from the central office in Nashville, will take part in the programs, as will also Rev. B. Frank Pim, conference executive secretary; Rev. F. L. Glisson and Joe Crawley, dean, and Miss Earline Dowda, director of young people's work.

The meetings are an annual occurrence and approximately 400 young people enjoy its advantages. They are amply provided for on the Emory campus, with its swimming pool, tennis courts and playgrounds. The morning sessions are devoted to intensive study, the afternoons to recreation and committee meetings and the evenings to services in the Allen Memorial church.

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Camp Fire Girls Will Open Camp Toccoa for Season Today

An opening banquet will be held this evening in Tasnena Lodge in honor of the campers who will attend the 10th annual meeting of the T-4-Po-cha group, with Mrs. Baker, their guardian, will be official hostesses of the day and will assist in entertaining, with the counsellors and all those invited to the banquet. Members of the board of directors, Greater Council, and anyone who has ever been a Camp Fire Girl or attended Camp Toccoa, and parents, are invited to attend the banquet, which will be in the nature of a cab-

Mrs. Roy McGaughey, with her sons, Roy and Jack, left Tuesday for Washington, D. C., and points of interest in Virginia. They will be away three or four weeks.

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Mrs. Frances Brown Chase has returned from Social Circle, where she attended the meeting of the press committee.

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Mrs. Foster Hume left Tuesday by motor for Nashville to visit relatives.

Mrs. J. Frank Meador, Mrs. Harold Ebersole and children, Pete Fletcher and Bill Fletcher, left Friday for Atlantic Beach, Fla., for two weeks' stay.

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Mr. and Mrs. Einar Storm Trosdal arrived Thursday afternoon from Chicago with their mother, Mrs. E. C. Davis, after motoring through the mountains of Tennessee and North Carolina and Chicago on their wedding journey.

Mr. Trostad was before her marriage
Miss Maria Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. James Baughman
have returned from their wedding trip
through Florida, and are at home at
823 Ponce de Leon place. Mrs.
Baughman was formerly Miss Pearl
Hastings.

Allen Symonds, Bill Symonds, of
Evanston, Ill., and Frank Fuller, of
Boston, Mass., recent graduates of
Washington and Lee University, Lex-
ington, Va., are visiting Billy Methvin
at his home on North Decatur road.

Arthur McCann left yesterday for California, where he will visit in various cities for a month. He will visit the Century of Progress at Chicago, Ill., before returning to Atlanta.

Miss Betty Casheu, of Jacksonville, Fla., is visiting Miss Mary Morris at her home on Peachtree road.

Mrs. R. W. Jones and sons, Paul and Rudolph Jones, of Macon, Ga., are visiting Miss Mabel Jones on Cascade place, in West End.

Mrs. Jack Carter and sons, Charles and Joe Carter, of Bainbridge, Ga., are visiting Mrs. D. P. Pace.

Miss Mary Nixsen, of Kingstree, S. C., and Miss Beth Treadaway, of Meridian, Miss., who have been visiting Miss Carolyn Hogue, leave Saturday for Meridian, accompanied by Miss Hogue.

COUNSEL

CHATFIELD

mitted by readers will be discussed invited. Your name held in confi-
The Atlanta Constitution.

the pleasant prospect of eating good dinners the rest of his life, he may even marry her. It is not exclusively the food that beguiles him. The food is the means of bringing the two together in an easy, comfortable

cameraderie. The food sets the stage, creates a cozy atmosphere in which friendship frequently ripens into something richer and fuller.

Just as in business or in a profession all a man's characteristics make themselves known to his associates, so in housekeeping all a woman's characteristics make themselves known to those that sit down to her dinner table. If she is neat and dainty, her table will tell it. If she is slovenly and generally the table will betray her. No man coming a-courting will expect her daughter to be different. For the early years are the formative years

and a girl raised in a home where food is unobtainable, where the niceties and elegance of life are disregarded, is more than apt to grow to womanhood with a similar attitude toward her own home.

—

"Is domestic management an art?" "It appears so to me." Young men, if you are marrying for the long haul, look the girl's mother over very carefully, and if you like what you see and can't control your emotions, go ahead." For two-thirds of married happiness hinges on domestic management.

CAROLINE CHATFIELD.

WASHINGTON SEMINARY

Adopts Eleven-Year Plan

Much interest has been created by the announcement recently by Washington Seminary, Atlanta, that beginning with next session the eighth grade will be eliminated and the grammar school years reduced to seven grades. This makes the preparatory school period of this well-known school for girls eleven years in future instead of twelve. Pupils, therefore, who have completed the seven grades

will be admitted to the first year high school and given every aid to complete the four high school years on time, the same as is done in the Fulton County School system and in about three-fourths of the systems in all parts of the country. Full information and catalogs may be had on application. L. D. and E. B. Scott, principals.—(adv.)

● **Stop!**

Want to be Dad's "favorite child"? Get his Father's Day gift at MUSE'S!

CULBERTSON ON CONTRACT

FALSECARDING.

BY ELY CULBERTSON,

World's Champion Player and Greatest Card Analyst.

Falsecarding is not very much of an art, but it is an art that every player should practice sometimes. Otherwise he will gain the reputation of being absolutely wooden. If the opponents can believe every one of his plays their line of attack is frequently made much easier for them.

In the following hand the West player was noted chiefly for the fact that every card he played was honest, and consequently when the critical moment in the hand occurred the declarer was not in very much doubt as to his proper play.

South, dealer.

Both sides vulnerable.

♠ K Q 3
♥ 10 8 6 4 3 2
♦ 8 6
♣ J 2

♠ 10 7 5 2
♥ 5 3 2
♦ A K Q 8
♣ 6 5

♠ A 8 6 4
♥ A K J 9
♦ A J 9 7 4
♣ —

The bidding: (Figures after bids in table refer to numbered explanatory paragraphs.)

South	West	North	East
1♠	Pass	1NT (1)	Pass (2)
2♣ (3)	Pass	3♣ (4)	4♠ (5)
4♣ (6)	5♠	Pass	Pass
6♣ (7)	Pass	Pass	Dbl. (8)
Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass

1—North belongs to a school of players who believe that a not-rump response is weaker than a suit response, holding that the latter should not be made without at least a 1-2 honor-trick. Incidentally this theory is held by only a very few players, and these not soundly grounded in the theory of systematic bidding. Obviously one heart is the correct bid.

2—If piping that the hand will eventually be played at not-rump.

3—A slight underbid, but, after all, a reversal of suits is in itself a sign of strength. South does not

hold quite enough to justify a force.

4—An underbid. Four hearts is the proper response.

5—East decides to enter the bidding since it is now fairly clear that the eventual contract will be in a suit.

6—South might make a forcing pass at this point but he knows the caliber of the East player and feels that no large penalty can possibly be obtained.

7—South finally comes to the conclusion that his partner holds at least 5 trumps. It seems as though there is almost certainly some play for the slam.

8—Somewhat inexplicable, but East feels that he must try to mislead the declarer as to the location of the heart honor, if any.

The West player, for reasons best known to himself, decided to open a club. Obviously the king of diamonds would have defeated the contract immediately, but the club opening gave the declarer a chance.

The queen in his own hand and immediately laid down the ace of trumps. When East failed to follow suit he felt a slight shock, but the spades still offered an avenue of escape. The queen and king were played from the dummy and West played on them his 9 and knave. If made by anyone addicted to falsecarding these plays would mean nothing, but this particular West opponent had never been known to falsecard in his life. South therefore did not have to stretch his imagination to play. He led the last spade from dummy and finessed the 8-spot. West, of course, ruffed and he was unable thereafter to obtain any more tricks.

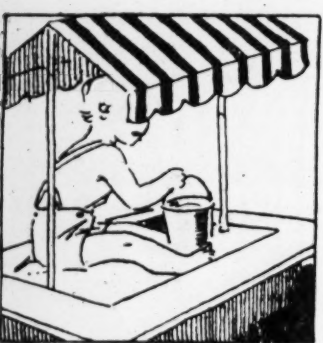
As my colleague Mr. William J. Huske would say, "Be wise as a serpent and harmless as a dove."

FREE CULBERTSON BOOKLET.
By special arrangement, readers of this newspaper may have a free copy of "The Rules and Ethics of Bridge," by Ely Culbertson. Address Mr. Culbertson, in care of this newspaper, INCLOSING A STAMPED, SELF-ADDRESSED ENVELOPE.

NANCY PAGE

Summer Meals Are Simple, Plain But Flavorful.

BY FLORENCE La GANKE.



Summer days were out of door days for all the Page and Miller children. Their mothers had learned certain things, however. There is such a thing as too much sunbathing burning into young and tender skins. The children all wore sun suits during part of the day. But eyes and backs of necks were protected. Large hats did that. Then the sand box in the play yard was shaded with a large umbrella. The new sand box which Ann possessed had one desirable feature. The sun shade by day slipped down over the box by night and became a protective covering. The sand was not used by cats and dogs who

happened to be in the neighborhood.

Ann used to climb right into the sand box and sit contentedly on the gritty sand while she made mud pies, dug tunnels and built marvelous castles. Lois found that stories she had read to Ann during the winter were dramatized in sand during the summer.

The children often ate their noonday lunch together. This was the substantial meal of the day. Even Joan enjoyed the simple food which appeared with unfailing regularity on the tables.

There was a cream soup, usually. This was served with crisp croutons, well toasted. Then came a sandwich or two of lettuce shredded to ribbons and seasoned with nothing but a little salt. The bread was well buttered, but no rich salad dressing was added.

The sandwiches might be eaten with soft cooked eggs or with a dish of spinach or string beans. For the youngest children, Susan and Ann, the vegetable was put through a sieve and served as a puree.

Then there was milk to drink. It was cool but not icy nor lukewarm. The dessert was a fruit sauce or well ripened banana pulp or plain ice cream with small cookies. And occasionally there was a surprise in the form of a stuffed date.

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ADAMS SEES ADOPTION OF COTTON CUT PLAN

Farm Head Advises Georgia Growers Need Not Be Alarmed Over Situation.

Commissioner of Agriculture G. C. Adams returned from Washington Friday, confident that whatever cotton acreage reduction plan is put into effect by Secretary of Agriculture Wallace, the Georgia cotton farmers need not be alarmed about the situation.

"Two plans for reducing acreage were put forward and I'm sure that one of them will be accepted," Commissioner Adams said. "However, as Georgia farmers already have reduced their cotton acreage to a great extent, I feel that they will not be called upon to reduce it further unless it should be profitable to them."

The commissioner said he talked at length with farm commissioners of western cotton-growing states and that they revealed that the great increases in cotton acreage in the last 10 or 15 years have come in their states and that it is in these states that the larger reduction probably will be put into effect.

"I wish to state emphatically," said the Georgia cotton farmers need not become alarmed about the situation in Washington," the commissioner said. "In some ways I do not like to see the government going so far into business, but if Uncle Sam is determined to go into business I see no reason why he should not include the cotton farmer in the help he is putting out."

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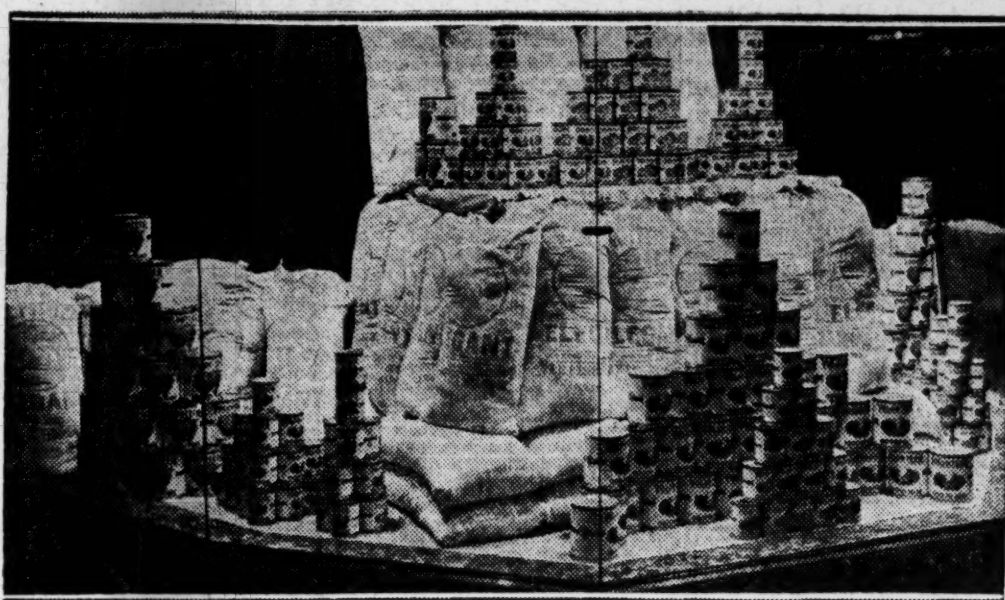
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Exhibit at Food Show, Cooking School



A typical exhibit at the Constitution-Volunteer Food Stores Cooking School and Food Show which closed Friday at the Georgia theater with a record-breaking attendance. This exhibit features Postel's flour.

Washing Machines Unloaded



Joe Almond, left, manager of the radio and refrigeration department of Sterch's, has made a record for washing machine sales. Here he is shown supervising the unloading of the third car of Faultless machines delivered to the store since April 1.

Atlanta Woman Finds Kin After Lapse of 28 Years

A recent newspaper article concerning the heroism of Father Peter D'Oroval, French priest to the leper colony of Molokai, has brought Mrs. Genevieve Nahlik, of 334 Ninth street, N. W., in touch with relatives from whom she has not heard in the past 28 years, it was revealed by Mrs. Nahlik Friday. The Atlanta woman is a cousin of Father D'Oroval.

ROBERT H. MCLESKEY, P. O. EMPLOYEE, PASSES

Robert H. McCleskey, 53, Atlanta postoffice employee for many years, died Friday afternoon at his residence at 1530 Howell Mill road, following an illness of several months. He was a native of Acworth and had resided in Atlanta for 19 years.

Surviving are his wife, two sons, Ray and Robert McCleskey; three daughters, Mrs. G. T. Mays, and Miss Vera and Miss Elaine McCleskey, and his mother, Mrs. Harriett McCleskey, all of Atlanta. Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon at the Kennesaw Methodist church, the Rev. W. M. Albert officiating, and interment will be in the churchyard at Acworth. Burial will be in charge.

WENDEL HEIR' GUILTY OF ATTEMPTED FRAUD

NEW YORK, June 16.—(AP)—Thomas Patrick Morris, 53-year-old Scotsman, today was found guilty of conspiracy to defraud the estate of the late Ella V. Von Wendell by the jury in the case.

The jury in general sessions court required only 19 minutes to reach a decision. Judge Morris Koenig remanded Morris to Tombs prison for sentence June 29, and told the jury that the evidence in the case had been overwhelmingly against the defendant.

Lillian Mae Patterns.



MAKE THIS FOR WARM WEATHER.

No need to suggest the places you might wear this pattern, an all-occasion frock of every hour of the day. No extra bother or fuss to create its smartness. . . . a few yards of a gay, colorful print, be it silk or cotton, two shades of ribbon for striking contrast and one, just one afternoon for sewing, are your needs. With a closet full of such simple frocks, your summer will be a successful one.

Pattern 2358 may be ordered only on sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32. Size 16 requires 3-3/8 yards of 39-inch fabric and 2 yards 5-inch ribbon. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included with this pattern.

Sends fifteen cents (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this Lillian Mae pattern. Write plainly your name, address and style number. Be sure to state size wanted.

Send for the Lillian Mae Fashion Book, showing Paris-inspired models for every sewing need—all practical and easy and economical to make. Models for the larger figure, junior and kiddie styles; lingerie and accessory patterns are also featured. Price of catalog, 15 cents.

Address orders to Lillian Mae Pattern Department, care The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

Accident Insurance Necessary Even if Other Kind Is Carried

Use your head. Take precautions against the want that follows in the wake of the ever-mounting wave of accidents. You need every day of the dead and maimed in accidents. You know that fate may single you out for disaster at any time.

Although you may have some insurance—there are those who are thoughtful and have sufficient foresight to be very well covered with all kinds of insurance—this should not keep you from taking advantage of this great travel and pedestrian accident feature offered by The Atlanta Constitution.

If you are not one of those who have already protected themselves, can you assign any reason for not doing so, except thoughtlessness, neglect, or indifference? Whatever it may be that has caused you to fail to take advantage of The Constitution insurance feature, you should not delay it longer.

Get this protection today—insure yourself today!

Styles by Annette.



AN ADORABLE HOME ENSEMBLE.

How attractive you'll look in this ensemble to do all the things about the house and garden.

It's immensely likable because it's so cool, dainty and practical. The dress is pink and white dimity in checked pattern. The sleeve ruffles are white lawn, which is also used for the one-piece apron. You can use the dimity to bind the edge of the apron and pocket.

Style No. 808 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32. Size 20 requires 3-1/2 yards of 35-inch material with 1-1/2 yards of 35-inch contrasting.

Our Large Fashion Magazine is 48 pages. In addition to new pattern styles for women and children, it contains valuable beauty articles, some of which are illustrated by Norma Shearer and other Hollywood stars. It is a book every reader should have and its price will be saved many times, for the patterns are nominally priced and very economical in material requirements.

Price of pattern, 15 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

Address orders to Annette Fashion Department, care The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA CREDIT MEN TO ATTEND CONVENTION

A delegation of members of the Atlanta Association of Credit Men will leave at 6:15 o'clock tonight for the thirty-eighth annual convention of the National Association of Credit Men, to open Monday at Milwaukee.

The Atlanta delegation includes the following: Paul W. Miller, treasurer of the Atlantic Steel Company and president of the Atlanta Association of Credit Men; B. L. Westinghouse, Electric and Manufacturing Company, and Mrs. Attaway; H. S. Collinsworth, Gramling & Collinsworth; George A. Giese, Dun & Bradstreet, Inc.; J. H. Pritchett, Sewell Manufacturing Company; J. L. Moore, Atlanta Journal; S. M. Wilson Jr., Wofford Oil Company; P. M. Milligan, Ernest L. Rhodes Co.; C. B. Sennell, Sennell & McCrea Co.; R. W. Donald, General Company; J. H. Donald, Donald E. Hardin, Retail Credit Company, and Fred H. Snel, secretary-manager of the Atlanta Association of Credit Men.

Supreme Court of Georgia

Judgments Affirmed. Darnell vs. Tate et al.; from Pickens superior court—Judge Hawkins. Watkins, Ashli & Watkins, for plaintiff; Tate, Thomas & Tate, for defendant.

Morgan vs. Greenberg et al. (two cases); from Chatham superior court—Judge Melvin. James N. Babin & E. Goodwin, Aaron Kravitch, for plaintiff; Emanuel Kromadt, for defendant.

Fremont's Fund Insurance Company vs. Thomas; from Franklin superior court—Judge Mosley. Smith, Smith & Smith, C. M. McClure, W. L. Bryan, for plaintiff; A. S. Skelton, for defendant.

City Bank & Trust Company vs. Graf, trustee; from Fulton superior court—Judge Thomas. G. N. Davis, J. F. Kemp, Howell, Heyman & Holding, for plaintiff in error; J. H. Porter, L. S. Camp, T. M. Stubbs, A. A. & E. L. Meyer, Dodd & Dodd, Alston, Alston, Foster & Moore, contra.

Judgments Reversed. Graf, et al., vs. City Bank & Trust Company; from Fulton, cross-bill of exceptions in case stated next above.

Hall, sheriff, vs. Martin; from DeKalb superior court—Judge John B. Hutcheson. T. B. Rigdon, for plaintiff in error; Weeks & Cantler, contra.

Payne vs. State; from Chatham superior court—Judge Maddox. Faris & Langford, for plaintiff in error; M. Nell, solicitor-general, James F. Kelly, contra.

Morris vs. State (two cases); from Laurens superior court—Judge Camp. W. A. Dampier, for plaintiff in error; Fred Kea, Jr., contra.

Richardson vs. State; from Brantley superior court—Judge Dickerson. J. T. Powell, E. O. Faye, for plaintiff in error; A. B. Spence, solicitor-general, contra.

Judgments Reversed. Piedmont Savings Company vs. Atlanta Title & Trust Company; from Fulton superior court—Judge John B. Hutcheson. H. O. Hunter Jr., W. E. Cobb, E. J. Fairbright Jr., for plaintiff in error; Claude C. Smith, solicitor-general, contra.

In Next Sunday's CONSTITUTION MAGAZINE

Co-Eds, Demanding Liberty, Spurn "Irregular" Marriages in a Season of Student Uprisings Against Censorship of College Morals.

Why frivolous girl collegians scorn trial marriage to "wed for keeps"; the tragedy of the campus bootlegger and his co-ed sweetheart.

The Nordic Who Adored His Jewish Wife.

When the Nazis scowled at glamorous Gitta, her loyal husband left them flat and flew to her.

Highlights of Broadway.

Jack Lait tells secrets of the "stars that shine on Broadway."

Where Did Playing Cards Come From?

What is your idea?—or did you ever stop to think about the origin of this most popular pastime? W. Kent Jenkins brings opinions of most thorough investigators.

My Romantic and Roaring Mex-American Days and Nights Along the Exotic Border.

Seeking the makings of a book along the exciting Mexican border, Rojo Leonard, soldier of fortune, has learned that in Juarez a divorce is about as easy to obtain as a shoe shine. He tells all about it in his article tomorrow.

Justice and the King of Liquor Smugglers.

Peter Levins continues his story about Al Lillian who was sitting on top of the liquor smuggling world in the spring of 1929, when a radio inspector intercepted the first clue to the so-called Lillian empire.

THE GRAVURE PICTORIAL MAGAZINE

—carries on the front page, a very striking action photo of Monk Arnold, star high jumper of Boys' High school, southern indoor champion, who has broken the record at Chapel Hill, N. C.

Members of the University of Georgia Senior Class of 1893, Photographed at Recent Alumni Day Dinner at Athens.

1933 Graduation Classes of Central Night School, Atlanta; Washington Seminary; Lithonia High School; and Roswell High School.

Bass Junior Hi-Y and Tri-Hi-Y Clubs of Atlanta.

President Roosevelt's Experimental Georgia Farm.

A page is devoted to scenes on the farm at Warm Springs, where the president has been experimenting for three years. Pictures of the various activities on the farm, including one of President Roosevelt pruning young trees, are shown. This page is a part of the KNOW YOUR GEORGIA contest.

Winners of the American Legion Citizenship Awards of LaGrange.

The Gumps, Old Doc Yak, Mr. and Mrs., Moon Mullins, Kitty Higgins, Gasoline Alley, That Phoney Nickel, Winnie Winkle, Looie Bloolie, Little Orphan Annie, Maw Green, Smitty, Little Folks, Baby Sister, and Tarzan make up the

COLOR COMIC SECTION

—of—
THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

CLOSING AVERAGE
OF STOCKS AND BONDS

Daily Stock Summary.

(Copyright, 1933, Standard Statistics Co.)

	High	Low	Close
Prev. day	79.7	79.4	79.7
Week ago	80.3	79.4	79.7
Month ago	79.2	77.5	79.7
3 yrs. ago	40.5	16.7	79.7
High (1933)	80.3	79.4	79.7
Low (1933)	40.5	16.7	79.7
High (1932)	80.3	79.4	79.7
Low (1932)	40.5	16.7	79.7
High (1931)	80.3	79.4	79.7
Low (1931)	40.5	16.7	79.7

Dow-Jones Averages.

By THE UNITED PRESS.

	High	Low	Close
Prev. day	292.5	292.0	292.5
Week ago	292.5	292.0	292.5
Month ago	292.5	292.0	292.5
3 yrs. ago	292.5	292.0	292.5
High (1933)	292.5	292.0	292.5
Low (1933)	292.5	292.0	292.5
High (1932)	292.5	292.0	292.5
Low (1932)	292.5	292.0	292.5
High (1931)	292.5	292.0	292.5
Low (1931)	292.5	292.0	292.5

By JOHN L. COOLEY.

NEW YORK, June 16.—(P)—

The stock market was crowded with cross-

currents today and price movements

were correspondingly erratic, but its

ability to advance at times contrasted

with Thursday's heavy sag. One of

these rallies occurred in the last half

hour and the closing average was

slightly higher.

Wall Street learned overnight that

the treasury had denied London's ru-

mors of dollar stabilization around

\$4.05, also, congress finally adjourn-

ed. These two items of news could

hardly be ignored by bullishly inclined

traders and the market advanced with

some zest in the early trading. How-

ever, gains of 1 to 3 points were

more than lost before noon and prices

thereafter backed and filled until net

changes in most rails were meager.

American Telephone came back about

5 points and Homestake bobbed up 5,

but those gains were exceptional.

The dollar resumed its fall, which

was accepted as the natural reaction

to the subsidence of recent reports

to a definite stabilization level.

Commodities were unsettled much

of the day as they awaited the

plans for process taxes or acreage

control. Cotton, however, rallied brisk-

ly when stocks took their final rise

and closed with gains of 90 cents to

\$1.10 a bale.

Tomorrow's freight loadings state-

ment, on the basis of reports already

at hand, should show a liberal rise

over last year, amounting, perhaps,

to 50,000 cars.

Investment Trusts

NEW YORK, June 16.—Investment trust

activity over the counter market.

	High	Low	Close
Prev. day	12.00	11.90	12.00
Week ago	12.00	11.90	12.00
Month ago	12.00	11.90	12.00
3 yrs. ago	12.00	11.90	12.00
High (1933)	12.00	11.90	12.00
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Prev. day	12.00	11.90	12.00
Week ago	12.00		

Table with 2 columns: Bond Name, Price. Includes US Govt Bonds, Corporate Bonds, and Municipal Bonds.

By VICTOR EUBANK. NEW YORK, June 16.—(AP)—Newly issued bonds of secondary railroads unsettled the bond market today and prices in all categories drifted to lower levels.

As in the previous session, the trading volume of secondary railroads was unsettled. The market for bonds in all categories drifted to lower levels.

United States government securities and highest grade corporate issues were fairly steady.

Foreign Power, American L. G. Chemical, Certainated, Chile Copper, Lowell's, Mead Corporation, Reverse Copper and Western Union.

Most foreign obligations were reactionary. Some of the South American issues were especially heavy.

Bonds of International Telephone and Postal Telegraph rallied a point or more and improved.

Issues of U. S. Rubber, United Drug, Sinclair Oil and some others. Losses of 1 to 2 or more points were suffered by issues of American L. G. Chemical, Certainated, Chile Copper, Lowell's, Mead Corporation, Reverse Copper and Western Union.

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Table with 2 columns: Bond Name, Price. Includes US Govt Bonds, Corporate Bonds, and Municipal Bonds.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Following are today's high, low and closing prices of bonds on the New York Stock Exchange and the total sales of the market.

U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS. Sales (In \$1,000). High-Low-Close.

10 Hudson Bond 5 1/2 A 41 1/2 41 1/2 41 1/2

10 Hudson Bond 5 1/2 A 41 1/2 41 1/2 41 1/2

10 Hudson Bond 5 1/2 A 41 1/2 41 1/2 41 1/2

10 Hudson Bond 5 1/2 A 41 1/2 41 1/2 41 1/2

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10 Hudson Bond 5 1/2 A 41 1/2 41 1/2 41 1/2

10 Hudson Bond 5 1/2 A 41 1/2 41 1/2 41 1/2

Readings in Nature Love. In order that the student of the naturalist's eye to work in North America, had a valuable method of teaching. His custom was to give the student a fish, a bird, or a plant, and to let him study it in the field. "Look at this specimen carefully. Make notes of what you see. When you think you have noted everything of importance, bring me your notes." And very frequently the student was told to go and look again before his powers of observation were sharpened to the point of real accuracy. It would be excellent if you who are interested in nature could study by this method. It is necessary, however, only for the trained naturalist, and it is not a method for anyone else. And while Agassiz is credited with having said "Study nature, not books," I interpret this as meaning that you should study nature only to trained scientists. Books are the most valuable source of information to everyone except those on the frontiers of research, and even those workers must have a library which is already known before carrying on their own studies. Wheth-

er or not they accept the authority of the printed page rests only with them, and they may confirm by observation and experiment or reject the published results as they see fit.

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Readings in Nature Love. In order that the student of the naturalist's eye to work in North America, had a valuable method of teaching. His custom was to give the student a fish, a bird, or a plant, and to let him study it in the field. "Look at this specimen carefully. Make notes of what you see. When you think you have noted everything of importance, bring me your notes." And very frequently the student was told to go and look again before his powers of observation were sharpened to the point of real accuracy. It would be excellent if you who are interested in nature could study by this method. It is necessary, however, only for the trained naturalist, and it is not a method for anyone else. And while Agassiz is credited with having said "Study nature, not books," I interpret this as meaning that you should study nature only to trained scientists. Books are the most valuable source of information to everyone except those on the frontiers of research, and even those workers must have a library which is already known before carrying on their own studies. Wheth-

er or not they accept the authority of the printed page rests only with them, and they may confirm by observation and experiment or reject the published results as they see fit.

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Stop!

Is your Dad going to be left out Sunday? Get his MUSE gift today!

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Is your Dad going to be left out Sunday? Get his MUSE gift today!

Stop!

Stop!

Watch Dad grin when he sees the MUSE label on his gift Sunday!

Stop!

Is your Dad going to be left out Sunday? Get his MUSE gift today!

Stop!

POLICEMAN, TWO BOYS HURT IN AUTO CRASHES

HURT IN AUTO CRASHES

[illegible]